c. Metal Finish: Ten years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. EFCO Corporation.
  - 2. Kawneer; an Alcoa Company.
  - 3. Peerless Products Inc.
  - 4. YKK AP America Inc.

#### 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum Extrusions: Alloy and temper recommended by aluminum window manufacturer for strength, corrosion resistance, and application of required finish, but not less than 22,000-psi ultimate tensile strength, not less than 16,000-psi minimum yield strength, and not less than 0.062-inch thickness at any location for the main frame and sash members.
- B. Fasteners: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, epoxy adhesive, or other materials warranted by manufacturer to be noncorrosive and compatible with aluminum window members, trim, hardware, anchors, and other components.
  - 1. Reinforcement: Where fasteners screw anchor into aluminum less than 0.125 inch thick, reinforce interior with aluminum or nonmagnetic stainless steel to receive screw threads, or provide standard, noncorrosive, pressed-in, splined grommet nuts.
  - 2. Exposed Fasteners: Unless unavoidable for applying hardware, do not use exposed fasteners. For application of hardware, use fasteners that match finish of member or hardware being fastened, as appropriate.
- C. Anchors, Clips, and Accessories: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or zinc-coated steel or iron complying with ASTM B 633 for SC 3 severe service conditions; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.

- D. Reinforcing Members: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or nickel/chrome-plated steel complying with ASTM B 456 for Type SC 3 severe service conditions, or zinc-coated steel or iron complying with ASTM B 633 for SC 3 severe service conditions; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.
- E. Compression-Type Weather Stripping: Provide compressible weather stripping designed for permanently resilient sealing under bumper or wiper action and for complete concealment when aluminum window is closed.
  - 1. Weather-Stripping Material: Elastomeric cellular preformed gaskets complying with ASTM C 509.
  - 2. Weather-Stripping Material: Dense elastomeric gaskets complying with ASTM C 864.
  - 3. Weather-Stripping Material: Manufacturer's standard system and materials complying with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
- F. Sliding-Type Weather Stripping: Provide woven-pile weather stripping of wool, polypropylene, or nylon pile and resin-impregnated backing fabric. Comply with AAMA 701/702.
  - 1. Weather Seals: Provide weather stripping with integral barrier fin or fins of semirigid, polypropylene sheet or polypropylene-coated material. Comply with AAMA 701/702.
- G. Replaceable Weather Seals: Comply with AAMA 701/702.
- H. Sealant: For sealants required within fabricated windows, provide window manufacturer's standard, permanently elastic, nonshrinking, and nonmigrating type recommended by sealant manufacturer for joint size and movement.

## 2.3 WINDOW

- A. Condensation-Resistance Factor (CRF): Provide aluminum windows tested for thermal performance according to AAMA 1503, showing a CRF of 55.
- B. Thermal Transmittance: Provide aluminum windows with a whole-window, U-factor maximum indicated at 15-mph exterior wind velocity and winter condition temperatures when tested according
  - 1. U-Factor: 0.40 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F or less.

- C. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient (SHGC): Provide aluminum windows with a whole-window SHGC maximum of 0.50, determined according to NFRC 200 procedures.
- D. Sound Transmission Class (STC): Provide glazed windows rated for not less than 26 STC when tested for laboratory sound transmission loss according to ASTM E 90 and determined by ASTM E 413.
- E. Air Infiltration: Maximum rate not more than indicated when tested according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Air Infiltration Test.
  - 1. Maximum Rate: 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. of area at an inward test pressure of 6.24 lbf/sq. ft..
- F. Water Resistance: No water leakage as defined in AAMA/WDMA referenced test methods at a water test pressure equaling that indicated, when tested according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Water Resistance Test.
  - 1. Test Pressure: 15 percent of positive design pressure, but not less than 2.86 lbf/sq. ft. or more than 15 lbf/sq. ft..
- G. Life-Cycle Testing: Test according to AAMA 910 and comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
- H. Operating Force and Auxiliary (Durability) Tests: Comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS for operating window types indicated.

## 2.4 GLAZING

A. Glass and Glazing Materials: Refer to Division 08 Section "Glazing" for glass units and glazing requirements applicable to glazed aluminum window units.

### 2.5 HARDWARE

- A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard hardware fabricated from aluminum, stainless steel, carbon steel complying with AAMA 907, or other corrosion-resistant material compatible with aluminum; designed to smoothly operate, tightly close, and securely lock aluminum windows, and sized to accommodate sash or ventilator weight and dimensions. Do not use aluminum in frictional contact with other metals.
- B. Counterbalancing Mechanism: Comply with AAMA 902.

- C. Sill Cap/Track: Extruded-aluminum track with natural anodized finish, of thickness, dimensions, and profile indicated; designed to comply with performance requirements indicated and to drain to the exterior.
- D. Locks and Latches: Designed to allow unobstructed movement of the sash across adjacent sash in direction indicated and operated from the inside only.
- E. Gear-Type Rotary Operators: Comply with AAMA 901 when tested according to ASTM E 405, Method A.
  - 1. Operation Function: All ventilators move simultaneously and securely close at both jambs without using additional manually controlled locking devices.
- F. Four- or Six-Bar Friction Hinges: Comply with AAMA 904.
  - 1. Locking mechanism and handles for manual operation.
  - 2. Friction Shoes: Provide friction shoes of nylon or other nonabrasive, nonstaining, noncorrosive, durable material.
- G. Pole Operators: Tubular-shaped anodized aluminum; with rubber-capped lower end and standard push-pull hook at top to match hardware design; of sufficient length to operate window without reaching more than 60 inches above floor; 1 pole operator and pole hanger per room that has operable windows more than 72 inches above floor.
- H. Projected Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
  - 1. Operator: Underscreen push-bar.
  - 2. Hinge: Concealed four- or six-bar friction hinge with adjustable-slide friction shoe; two per ventilator.
  - 3. Lock: Cam-action, sweep lock handle with strike; two per ventilator.

### 2.6 INSECT SCREENS

- A. General: Design windows and hardware to accommodate screens in a tight-fitting, removable arrangement, with a minimum of exposed fasteners and latches. Fabricate insect screens to fully integrate with window frame. Locate screens on outside of window and provide for each operable exterior sash or ventilator.
  - 1. Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens: Comply with SMA 1004, "Specifications for Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens for Windows.

- B. Aluminum Insect Screen Frames: Manufacturer's standard aluminum alloy complying with SMA 1004. Fabricate frames with mitered or coped joints or corner extrusions, concealed fasteners.
  - 1. Aluminum Tubular Framing Sections and Cross Braces: Roll formed from aluminum sheet with minimum wall thickness as required for class indicated.
  - 2. Extruded-Aluminum or Aluminum Tubular Framing Sections and Cross Braces: Not less than 0.040-inch wall thickness.
  - 3. Finish: Anodized aluminum in color selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- C. Aluminum Wire Fabric: 18-by-16 mesh of 0.011-inch- diameter, coated aluminum wire.
  - 1. Wire-Fabric Finish: Charcoal gray.

## 2.7 ACCESSORIES

A. Integral Ventilating System/Device: Where indicated, provide weather-stripped, adjustable, horizontal fresh-air vent, with a free airflow slot, full width of window sash by approximately 3 inches when open, complying with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS. Equip vent bar with an integral insect screen, removable for cleaning.

### 2.8 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate aluminum windows in sizes indicated. Include a complete system for assembling components and anchoring windows.
- B. Thermally Improved Construction: Fabricate aluminum windows with an integral, concealed, low-conductance thermal barrier; located between exterior materials and window members exposed on interior side; in a manner that eliminates direct metal-to-metal contact.
  - 1. Provide thermal-break construction that has been in use for not less than three years and has been tested to demonstrate resistance to thermal conductance and condensation and to show adequate strength and security of glass retention.
  - 2. Provide thermal barriers tested according to AAMA 505; determine the allowable design shear flow per the appendix in AAMA 505.

- 3. Provide hardware with low conductivity or nonmetallic material for hardware bridging thermal breaks at frame or vent sash.
- C. Weather Stripping: Provide full-perimeter weather stripping for each operable sash and ventilator.
  - 1. Horizontal-Sliding Windows: Provide operable sash with a double row of sliding weather stripping in horizontal rails and single- or double-row weather stripping in meeting or jamb stiles, as required to meet specified performance requirements. Provide compression-type weather stripping at perimeter of each movable panel where sliding-type weather stripping is not appropriate.
  - 2. Vertically Pivoted Windows: Provide double-row weather stripping.
- D. Weep Holes: Provide weep holes and internal passages to conduct infiltrating water to exterior.
- E. Mullions: Provide mullions and cover plates as shown, matching window units, complete with anchors for support to structure and installation of window units. Allow for erection tolerances and provide for movement of window units due to thermal expansion and building deflections, as indicated. Provide mullions and cover plates capable of withstanding design loads of window units.
- F. Subframes: Provide subframes with anchors for window units as shown, of profile and dimensions indicated but not less than 0.062-inch- thick extruded aluminum. Miter or cope corners, and weld and dress smooth with concealed mechanical joint fasteners. Finish to match window units. Provide subframes capable of withstanding design loads of window units.
- G. Factory-Glazed Fabrication: Glaze aluminum windows in the factory where practical and possible for applications indicated. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
- H. Glazing Stops: Provide snap-on glazing stops coordinated with Division 08 Section "Glazing" and glazing system indicated. Provide glazing stops to match sash and ventilator frames.
- 2.9 FINISHES, GENERAL
  - A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

### 2.10 ALUMINUM FINISHES

- A. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
- B. Class II, Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A31 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class II, clear coating 0.010 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
  - 1. Color and Gloss: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine openings, substrates, structural support, anchorage, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work. Verify rough opening dimensions, levelness of sill plate, and operational clearances. Examine wall flashings, vapor retarders, water and weather barriers, and other built-in components to ensure a coordinated, weathertight window installation.
  - 1. Masonry Surfaces: Visibly dry and free of excess mortar, sand, and other construction debris.
  - 2. Metal Surfaces: Dry; clean; free of grease, oil, dirt, rust, corrosion, and welding slag; without sharp edges or offsets at joints.
  - 3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with Drawings, Shop Drawings, and manufacturer's written instructions for installing windows, hardware, accessories, and other components.

Bid Documents November 2008

- B. Install windows level, plumb, square, true to line, without distortion or impeding thermal movement, anchored securely in place to structural support, and in proper relation to wall flashing and other adjacent construction.
- C. Set sill members in bed of sealant or with gaskets, as indicated, for weathertight construction.
- D. Install windows and components to drain condensation, water penetrating joints, and moisture migrating within windows to the exterior.
- E. Separate aluminum and other corrodible surfaces from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action at points of contact with other materials.
- F. Connect automatic operators to building electrical system.

## 3.3 ADJUSTING, CLEANING, AND PROTECTION

- A. Adjust operating sashes and ventilators, screens, hardware, operators, and accessories for a tight fit at contact points and weather stripping for smooth operation and weathertight closure. Lubricate hardware and moving parts.
- B. Clean aluminum surfaces immediately after installing windows. Avoid damaging protective coatings and finishes. Remove excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt, and other substances.
- C. Clean factory-glazed glass immediately after installing windows. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for final cleaning and maintenance. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.
- D. Remove and replace glass that has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.
- E. Protect window surfaces from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations. In addition, monitor window surfaces adjacent to and below exterior concrete and masonry surfaces during construction for presence of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, stains, or other contaminants. If contaminating substances do contact window surfaces, remove contaminants immediately according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

### 3.4 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain window operating system. Refer to Division 01 Section "Demonstration and Training."

### PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

## 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

### PART 5 - PAYMENT

## 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island-per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum
Item 011010-05	Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

## END OF SECTION 085113

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#### SECTION 087100 - DOOR HARDWARE

### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Commercial door hardware for the following:
    - a. Swinging doors.
    - b. Other doors to the extent indicated.
  - 2. Cylinders for doors specified in other Sections.
  - 3. Electrified door hardware.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."
  - 2. Division 08 Section "Hollow Metal Doors and Frames" for astragals provided as part of fire-rated labeled assemblies and for door silencers provided as part of hollow-metal frames.
  - 3. Division 08 Section "Flush Wood Doors" for astragals provided as part of firerated labeled assemblies.
  - 4. Division 08 Section "Overhead Coiling Doors" for door hardware provided as part of overhead door assemblies.
  - 5. Division 08 Section "Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts" for entrance door hardware, including cylinders.

- C. Products furnished, but not installed, under this Section include the following. Coordinating, purchasing, delivering, and scheduling remain requirements of this Section.
  - 1. Thresholds weather stripping specified in other Sections.
  - 2. Permanent cores to be installed by Owner.

### 1.3 DOOR HARDWARE ALLOWANCE

- A. Door Hardware Selection: Furnish door hardware selected by Architect, in quantities specified in this Section and in Division 01 Section "Allowances."
- B. Installation: General types and approximate quantities of door hardware are indicated in the list of door hardware sets to provide a basis for the cost of installation and other Work that is part of the Contract Sum but not included in door hardware allowance.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include construction and installation details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: Details of electrified door hardware, indicating the following:
  - 1. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring. Include the following:
    - a. System schematic.
    - b. Point-to-point wiring diagram.
    - c. Riser diagram.
    - d. Elevation of each door.
  - 2. Detail interface between electrified door hardware and fire alarm building control system.
  - 3. Operation Narrative: Describe the operation of doors controlled by electrified door hardware.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each finish, color, and texture required for each type of door hardware indicated.

- D. Samples for Verification: Submit minimum 2-by-4-inch (51-by-102-mm) plate Samples of each type of finish required, except primed finish.
- E. Product Certificates: For electrified door hardware, signed by product manufacturer.
  - 1. Certify that door hardware approved for use on types and sizes of labeled fire doors complies with listed fire door assemblies.
- F. Qualification Data: For Installer and Architectural Hardware Consultant.
- G. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, for locks latches and closers]
- H. Maintenance Data: For each type of door hardware to include in maintenance manuals. Include final hardware and keying schedule.
- I. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by lock manufacturer.
  - 1. Installer's responsibilities include supplying and installing door hardware and providing a qualified Architectural Hardware Consultant available during the course of the Work to consult with Contractor, Architect, and Owner about door hardware and keying.
  - 2. Installer shall have warehousing facilities in Project's vicinity.
  - 3. Scheduling Responsibility: Preparation of door hardware and keying schedules.
  - 4. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of data for electrified door hardware, including Shop Drawings, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
- B. Architectural Hardware Consultant Qualifications: A person who is currently certified by DHI as an Architectural Hardware Consultant and who is experienced in providing consulting services for door hardware installations that are comparable in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project.

- 1. Electrified Door Hardware Consultant Qualifications: A qualified Architectural Hardware Consultant who is experienced in providing consulting services for electrified door hardware installations.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain each type and variety of door hardware from a single manufacturer, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Provide electrified door hardware from same manufacturer as mechanical door hardware, unless otherwise indicated. Manufacturers that perform electrical modifications and that are listed by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction are acceptable.
- D. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 252.
- E. Electrified Door Hardware: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- F. Keying Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Project Management and Coordination."
  - 1. Function of building, flow of traffic, purpose of each area, degree of security required, and plans for future expansion.
  - 2. Preliminary key system schematic diagram.
  - 3. Requirements for key control system.
  - 4. Address for delivery of keys.
- G. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Project Management and Coordination."
- 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
  - A. Inventory door hardware on receipt and provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to Project site.
  - B. Tag each item or package separately with identification related to the final door hardware sets, and include basic installation instructions, templates, and necessary fasteners with each item or package.

- C. Deliver keys to manufacturer of key control system for subsequent delivery to Owner.
- D. Deliver keys and permanent cores to Owner by registered mail or overnight package service.

## 1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Templates: Distribute door hardware templates for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared for installing door hardware. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.
- B. Electrical System Roughing-in: Coordinate layout and installation of electrified door hardware with connections to power supplies fire alarm system and detection devices access control system and building control system.

## 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
    - b. Faulty operation of operators and door hardware.
    - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Three years from date of Substantial Completion, except as follows:
    - a. Exit Devices: Two (2) years from date of Substantial Completion.
    - b. Manual Closers: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

### 1.9 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions as needed for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.
- B. Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, provide six months' full maintenance by skilled employees of door hardware Installer. Include quarterly preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper door hardware operation. Provide parts and supplies same as those used in the manufacture and installation of original products.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SCHEDULED DOOR HARDWARE

A. General: Provide door hardware for each door to comply with requirements in this Section and door hardware sets indicated in door and frame schedule.

## 2.2 HINGES, GENERAL

- A. Quantity: Provide the following, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Two Hinges: For doors with heights up to 60 inches (1524 mm).
  - 2. Three Hinges: For doors with heights 61 to 90 inches (1549 to 2286 mm).
  - 3. Four Hinges: For doors with heights 91 to 120 inches (2311 to 3048 mm).
  - 4. For doors with heights more than 120 inches (3048 mm), provide 4 hinges, plus 1 hinge for every 30 inches (750 mm) of door height greater than 120 inches (3048 mm).
- B. Template Requirements: Except for hinges and pivots to be installed entirely (both leaves) into wood doors and frames, provide only template-produced units.
- C. Hinge Weight: Unless otherwise indicated, provide the following:
  - 1. Entrance Doors: Heavy-weight hinges.
  - 2. Doors with Closers: Antifriction-bearing hinges.

Bid Documents November 2008

- 3. Interior Doors: Standard-weight hinges.
- D. Hinge Base Metal: Unless otherwise indicated, provide the following:
  - 1. Exterior Hinges: Stainless steel, with stainless-steel pin.
  - 2. Interior Hinges: Steel, with steel pin
  - 3. Hinges for Fire-Rated Assemblies: Steel, with steel pin.
- E. Hinge Options: Where indicated in door hardware sets or on Drawings:
  - 1. Nonremovable Pins: Provide set screw in hinge barrel that, when tightened into a groove in hinge pin, prevents removal of pin while door is) radius.
- F. Fasteners: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Machine Screws: For metal doors and frames. Install into drilled and tapped holes.
  - 2. Wood Screws: For wood doors and frames.
  - 3. Threaded-to-the-Head Wood Screws: For fire-rated wood doors.
  - 4. Screws: Phillips flat-head; machine screws (drilled and tapped holes) for metal doors and wood screws for wood doors and frames. Finish screw heads to match surface of hinges.
- 2.3 HINGES BHMA standards in two paragraphs below are used as basis for comparing products even if manufacturers' products are named in door hardware sets. Butts and Hinges: BHMA A156.1.
  - A. Available Manufacturers:
    - 1. Baldwin Hardware Corporation (BH).
    - 2. Bommer Industries, Inc. (BI).
    - 3. Lawrence Brothers, Inc. (LB).
    - 4. McKinney Products Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (MCK).

# 2.4 LOCKS AND LATCHES, GENERAL

- A. Accessibility Requirements: Where indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and "Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards."
  - 1. Provide operating devices that do not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist and that operate with a force of not more than 5 lbf (22 N).
- B. Latches and Locks for Means of Egress Doors: Comply with NFPA 101. Latches shall not require more than 15 lbf (67 N) to release the latch. Locks shall not require use of a key, tool, or special knowledge for operation.
- C. Electrified Locking Devices: BHMA A156.25.
- D. Lock Trim:
  - 1. Levers: Forged.
  - 2. Escutcheons (Roses): Forged.
  - 3. Dummy Trim: Match Lever lock trim and escutcheons.
  - 4. Lockset Designs: Provide design indicated on Drawings product name(s) designating lockset design(s) that other manufacturers must match.
- E. Lock Throw: Comply with testing requirements for length of bolts required for labeled fire doors, and as follows:
  - 1. Bored Locks: Minimum 1/2-inch (13-mm) latchbolt throw.
  - 2. Mortise Locks: Minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) latchbolt throw.
  - 3. Deadbolts: Minimum 1-inch (25-mm) bolt throw.
- F. Backset: 2-3/4 inches (70 mm), unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Strikes: Manufacturer's standard strike with strike box for each latchbolt or lock bolt, with curved lip extended to protect frame, finished to match door hardware set, and as follows:

- 1. Strikes for Bored Locks and Latches: BHMA A156.2.
- 2. Strikes for Mortise Locks and Latches: BHMA A156.13.
- 3. Extra-Long-Lip Strikes: For locks used on frames with applied wood casing trim.
- 4. Aluminum-Frame Strike Box: Manufacturer's special strike box fabricated for aluminum framing.

### 2.5 MECHANICAL LOCKS AND LATCHES

- A. Lock Functions: Function numbers and descriptions indicated in door hardware sets comply with the following:
  - 1. Mortise Locks: BHMA A 156.13.
- B. Mortise Locks: Stamped steel case with steel or brass parts; BHMA A 156.13, Grade 1; Series 1000.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Best Access Systems; Div. Of The Stanley Works (BAS).
    - b. Corbin Russwin Architectural Hardware; an ASSA ABLOY Group Company (CR).
    - c. SARGENT Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (SGT).

## 2.6 AUXILIARY LOCKS AND LATCHES

- A. Auxiliary Locks: BHMA A156.5,
  - 1. Available Manufacturers:
    - a. Adams Rite Manufacturing Co. (ARM).
    - b. Arrow USA; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (ARW).
    - c. Best Access Systems; Div. of The Stanley Works (BAS).
    - d. SARGENT Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (SGT).

- e. Schlage Commercial Lock Division; an Ingersoll-Rand Company (SCH).
- f. Yale Commercial Locks and Hardware; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (YAL).

## 2.7 DOOR BOLTS

- A. Bolt Throw: Comply with testing requirements for length of bolts required for labeled fire doors, and as follows:
  - 1. Half-Round Surface Bolts: Minimum 7/8-inch (22-mm) throw.
  - 2. Interlocking Surface Bolts: Minimum 15/16-inch (24-mm) throw.
  - 3. Fire-Rated Surface Bolts: Minimum 1-inch (25-mm) throw; listed and labeled for fire-rated doors.
  - 4. Dutch-Door Bolts: Minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.
  - 5. Mortise Flush Bolts: Minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.

### 2.8 EXIT DEVICES

- A. Exit Devices: BHMA A156.3, Grade 1 Listed under Category G in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory."
  - 1. Provide operating devices that do not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist and that operate with a force of not more than 5 lbf (22 N).
- B. Exit Devices for Means of Egress Doors: Comply with NFPA 101. Exit devices shall not require more than 15 lbf (67 N) to release the latch. Locks shall not require use of a key, tool, or special knowledge for operation.
- C. Dummy Push Bar: Nonfunctioning push bar matching functional push bar.
  - 1. Operation: Rigid.
- D. Outside Trim: Lever with cylinder Pull material and finish to match locksets, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Match design for locksets and latchsets, unless otherwise indicated.

### E. Available Manufacturers:

- 1. Corbin Russwin Architectural Hardware; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (CR).
- 2. Dor-O-Matic; an Ingersoll-Rand Company (DOR).
- 3. SARGENT Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (SGT).
- 4. Von Duprin; an Ingersoll-Rand Company (VD).
- 5. Yale Commercial Locks and Hardware; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (YAL).

### 2.9 LOCK CYLINDERS

- A. Standard Lock Cylinders: BHMA A156.5, Grade 1.
- B. Cylinders: Manufacturer's standard tumbler type, constructed from brass or bronze, stainless steel, or nickel silver, and complying with the following:
  - 1. Number of Pins: Seven..
  - 2. Mortise Type: Threaded cylinders with rings and straight- or clover-type cam.
  - 3. Rim Type: Cylinders with back plate, flat-type vertical or horizontal tailpiece, and raised trim ring.
- C. Construction Keying: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Construction Master Keys: Provide cylinders with feature that permits voiding of construction keys without cylinder removal. Provide 5 construction master keys.
  - 2. Construction Cores: Provide construction cores that are replaceable by permanent cores. Provide 5 construction master keys.
    - a. Replace construction cores with permanent cores.
- D. Manufacturer: Same manufacturer as for locks and latches.

### E. Available Manufacturers:

- 1. ABLOY Security, Inc.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (ABL).
- 2. Arrow USA; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (ARW).
- 3. Best Access Systems; Div. of The Stanley Works (BAS).
- 4. Corbin Russwin Architectural Hardware; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (CR).
- 5. Falcon Lock; an Ingersoll-Rand Company (FAL).
- 6. SARGENT Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (SGT).
- 7. Schlage Commercial Lock Division; an Ingersoll-Rand Company (SCH).
- 8. Yale Commercial Locks and Hardware; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (YAL).

#### 2.10 KEYING

- A. Keying System: Factory registered, complying with guidelines in BHMA A156.28, Appendix A. Incorporate decisions made in keying conference, and as follows:
  - 1. Master Key System: Cylinders are operated by a change key and a master key.
- B. Keys: Nickel silver.
  - 1. Stamping: Permanently inscribe each key with a visual key control number and include the following notation:
    - a. Notation: "DO NOT DUPLICATE."
  - 2. Quantity: In addition to one extra key blank for each lock, provide the following:
    - a. Cylinder Change Keys: Three.
    - b. Master Keys: Five.

## 2.11 KEY CONTROL SYSTEM

- A. Key Control Cabinet: BHMA A156.5, Grade 1 metal cabinet with baked-enamel finish; containing key-holding hooks, labels, 2 sets of key tags with self-locking key holders, key-gathering envelopes, and temporary and permanent markers; with key capacity of 150 percent of the number of locks.
  - 1. Wall-Mounted Cabinet: Cabinet with hinged-panel door equipped with key-holding panels and pin-tumbler cylinder door lock.
- B. Key Control System Software: BHMA A156.5, Grade 1; multiple-index system for recording and reporting key-holder listings, tracking keys and lock and key history, and printing receipts for transactions. Include instruction manual..
  - 1. Available Manufacturers:
    - a. Best Access Systems; Div. of The Stanley Works (BAS).
    - b. Corbin Russwin Architectural Hardware; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (CR).

### 2.12 ACCESSORIES FOR PAIRS OF DOORS

- A. Carry-Open Bars: Provide carry-open bars for inactive leaves of pairs of doors unless automatic or self-latching bolts are used.
  - 1. Material: Polished brass or bronze, with strike plate.

#### 2.13 CLOSERS

- A. Accessibility Requirements: Where handles, pulls, latches, locks, and other operating devices are indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)." And "Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards."
  - 1. Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements:
    - a. Interior, Non-Fire-Rated Hinged Doors: 5 lbf (22.2 N) applied perpendicular to door.
    - b. Sliding or Folding Doors: 5 lbf (22.2 N) applied parallel to door at latch.

- c. Fire Doors: Minimum opening force allowable by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Door Closers for Means of Egress Doors: Comply with NFPA 101. Door closers shall not require more than 30 lbf (133 N) to set door in motion and not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to open door to minimum required width.
- C. Size of Units: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for size of door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.
- D. Surface Closers: BHMA A156.4, Grade 1 Provide type of arm required for closer to be located on non-public side of door, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Available Manufacturers:
    - a. Corbin Russwin Architectural Hardware; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (CR).
    - b. Dor-O-Matic; an Ingersoll-Rand Company (DOR).
    - c. LCN Closers; an Ingersoll-Rand Company (LCN).
    - d. Norton Door Controls; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (NDC).
    - e. Yale Commercial Locks and Hardware; an ASSA ABLOY Group company (YAL).

### 2.14 PROTECTIVE TRIM UNITS

- A. Size: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) less than door width on push side and 1/2 inch (13 mm) less than door width on pull side, by 12-inches minimum height. Provide for all doors.
- B. Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard machine or self-tapping screws.
  - a. Metal Protective Trim Units: BHMA A156.6; beveled top and 2 sides;

### 2.15 STOPS AND HOLDERS

- A. Stops and Bumpers: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1.
  - 1. Provide floor stops for doors unless wall or other type stops are scheduled or indicated. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic. Where floor or wall stops are not appropriate, provide overhead holders.
- B. Silencers for Metal Door Frames: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1; neoprene or rubber, minimum diameter 1/2 inch (13 mm); fabricated for drilled-in application to frame.

## 2.16 DOOR GASKETING

- A. General: Provide continuous weather-strip gasketing on exterior doors and provide smoke, light, or sound gasketing on interior doors where indicated or scheduled. Provide noncorrosive fasteners for exterior applications and elsewhere as indicated.
  - 1. Perimeter Gasketing: Apply to head and jamb, forming seal between door and frame.
  - 2. Meeting Stile Gasketing: Fasten to meeting stiles, forming seal when doors are closed.
  - 3. Door Bottoms: Apply to bottom of door, forming seal with threshold when door is closed.
- B. Air Leakage: Not to exceed 0.50 cfm per foot (0.000774 cu. m/s per m) of crack length for gasketing other than for smoke control, as tested according to ASTM E 283.
- C. Fire-Labeled Gasketing: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 252.
- D. Replaceable Seal Strips: Provide only those units where resilient or flexible seal strips are easily replaceable and readily available from stocks maintained by manufacturer.
- E. Gasketing Materials: ASTM D 2000 and AAMA 701/702. specifications.
- F. Available Manufacturers:
  - 1. National Guard Products (NGP).

- 2. Pemko Manufacturing Co. (PEM).
- 3. Reese Enterprises (RE).
- 4. Zero International (ZRO).

### 2.17 THRESHOLDS

- A. Standard: BHMA A156.21. Listed under Category J in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory."
- B. Accessibility Requirements: Where thresholds are indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), "Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards."
  - 1. Bevel raised thresholds with a slope of not more than 1:2. Provide thresholds not more than 1/2 inch high.
- C. Thresholds for Means of Egress Doors: Comply with NFPA 101. Maximum 1/2 inch high.
- D. Available Manufacturers:
  - 1. National Guard Products (NGP).
  - 2. Pemko Manufacturing Co. (PEM).
  - 3. Reese Enterprises (RE).
  - 4. Zero International (ZRO).

### 2.18 FOLDING DOOR HARDWARE

- A. General: BHMA A156.14; consisting of complete sets including overhead rails, hangers, supports, bumpers, floor guides, and accessories indicated.
  - 1. Interior Doors: Provide door hardware for interior bifolding doors when not furnished as part of door package.

## 2.19 MISCELLANEOUS DOOR HARDWARE

A. Boxed Power Supplies: Modular unit in NEMA ICS 6, Type 4 enclosure; filtered and regulated; voltage rating and type matching requirements of door hardware served; and listed and labeled for use with fire alarm systems.

#### 2.20 FABRICATION

- A. Manufacturer's Nameplate: Do not provide products that have manufacturer's name or trade name displayed in a visible location except in conjunction with required fire-rated labels and as otherwise approved by Architect.
  - 1. Manufacturer's identification is permitted on rim of lock cylinders only.
- B. Base Metals: Produce door hardware units of base metal, fabricated by forming method indicated, using manufacturer's standard metal alloy, composition, temper, and hardness. Furnish metals of a quality equal to or greater than that of specified door hardware units and BHMA A156.18. Do not furnish manufacturer's standard materials or forming methods if different from specified standard.
- C. Fasteners: Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates generally prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. Provide screws according to commercially recognized industry standards for application intended, except aluminum fasteners are not permitted. Provide Phillips flat-head screws with finished heads to match surface of door hardware, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Concealed Fasteners: For door hardware units that are exposed when door is closed, except for units already specified with concealed fasteners. Do not use through bolts for installation where bolt head or nut on opposite face is exposed unless it is the only means of securely attaching the door hardware. Where through bolts are used on hollow door and frame construction, provide sleeves for each through bolt.
  - 2. Steel Machine or Wood Screws: For the following fire-rated applications:
    - a. Mortise hinges to doors.
    - b. Strike plates to frames.
    - c. Closers to doors and frames.

- 3. Steel Through Bolts: For the following fire-rated applications unless door blocking is provided:
  - a. Surface hinges to doors.
  - b. Closers to doors and frames.
  - c. Surface-mounted exit devices.
- 4. Spacers or Sex Bolts: For through bolting of hollow-metal doors.
- 5. Fasteners for Wood Doors: Comply with requirements in DHI WDHS.2, "Recommended Fasteners for Wood Doors."

### 2.21 FINISHES

- A. Standard: BHMA A156.18, as indicated in door hardware sets.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine doors and frames, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled fire door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Examine roughing-in for electrical power systems to verify actual locations of wiring connections before electrified door hardware installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Steel Doors and Frames: Comply with DHI A115 Series.
  - 1. Surface-Applied Door Hardware: Drill and tap doors and frames according to ANSI A250.6.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights indicated on Drawings unless otherwise indicated or required to comply with governing regulations.
  - 1. Standard Steel Doors and Frames: DHI's "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Standard Steel Doors and Frames."
- B. Install each door hardware item to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing work specified in Division 09 Sections. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.
  - 1. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
  - 2. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.
- C. Key Control System: Tag keys and place them on markers and hooks in key control system cabinet, as determined by final keying schedule.
- D. Thresholds: Set thresholds for exterior and acoustical doors in full bed of sealant complying with requirements specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."

### 3.4 ADJUSTING

A. Initial Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.

- 1. Door Closers: Unless otherwise required by authorities having jurisdiction, adjust sweep period so that, from an open position of 70 degrees, the door will take at least 3 seconds to move to a point 3 inches (75 mm) from the latch, measured to the leading edge of the door.
- B. Occupancy Adjustment: Approximately six months after date of Substantial Completion, Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant shall examine and readjust, including adjusting operating forces, each item of door hardware as necessary to ensure function of doors, door hardware, and electrified door hardware.

#### 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.
- B. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.
- C. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure that door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

### 3.6 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain door hardware and door hardware finishes. Refer to Division 01 Section "Demonstration and Training."

#### 3.7 DOOR HARDWARE SETS

A. Door Hardware See Drawings.

#### PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

### 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

# PART 5 - PAYMENT

# 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Bid Documents November 2008 Door Hardware 08 71 00 - 20

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island-per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum
Item 011010-05	Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

END OF SECTION 087100

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#### SECTION 087163 - DETENTION DOOR HARDWARE

### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Detention door hardware for the following:
    - a. Swinging detention doors.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Division 13 Section "Modular Building"
  - 2. Division 13 Section "Detention Cell Modules"

## 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Swinging Detention Door Assemblies: Provide detention door hardware as part of a detention door assembly that complies with security grade indicated, when tested according to ASTM F 1450, based on testing manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
  - 1. Bullet Resistance: Comply with Level 3 rating when tested according to UL 752; where indicated.
    - a. Listed and labeled as bullet resisting by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Tool-Attack Resistance: Comply with small-tool-attack-resistance rating when tested according to UL 1034 and UL 437.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each type of detention door hardware.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each type of detention door hardware. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work. Coordinate with Manufacturer and Installation of Detention Cell Module.

#### C. Other Action Submittals:

- 1. Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, detailing fabrication and assembly of door hardware, as well as procedures and diagrams. Coordinate the final Door Hardware Schedule with detention doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.
  - a. Integrate detention door hardware indicated in "Detention Door Hardware Sets" Article into the Door Hardware Schedule, and indicate complete designations of every item required for each door and opening.
- 2. Keying Schedule: Comply with requirements specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware." Coordinate detention keying with other door hardware in the final Keying Schedule.
  - a. Indicate each lock and type of key using the following prefixes: "P" for paracentric, "M" for mogul, "HS" for high security, and "C" for commercial.
- D. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer and supplier.
- E. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency or performed by a qualified testing agency, for each type of detention lock and latch.
- F. Maintenance Data: For each type of detention door hardware to include in maintenance manuals.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer and an authorized representative of detention door hardware manufacturer for installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
- B. Supplier Qualifications: Detention door hardware supplier with warehousing facilities in Project's vicinity and who is or employs a qualified Architectural Hardware Consultant, available during the course of the Work to consult with Contractor, Architect, and Owner about detention door hardware and keying.
  - 1. Scheduling Responsibility: Preparation of door hardware and keying schedules.
- C. Architectural Hardware Consultant Qualifications: A person who is currently certified by DHI as an Architectural Hardware Consultant and who is experienced in providing consulting services for detention door hardware installations that are comparable in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project.
- D. Source Limitations for Detention Door Hardware: Obtain each type of detention door hardware from single source from single manufacturer.
- E. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with provisions of the following:
  - 1. Where indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with ICC/ANSI A117.1 as follows:
    - a. Handles, Pulls, Latches, Locks, and other Operating Devices: Shape that is easy to grasp with one hand and does not require tight grasping, tight pinching, or twisting of the wrist.
  - 2. NFPA 101: Comply with the following for means-of-egress doors:
    - a. Latches and Locks: Not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to release the latch.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Inventory detention door hardware on receipt and provide secure lockup for detention door hardware delivered to Project site.
- B. Tag each item or package separately with identification related to the final Door Hardware Schedule, and include basic installation instructions with each item or package.

C. Deliver keys to Owner by registered mail or overnight package service.

### 1.7 COORDINATION

A. Templates: Obtain and distribute, to the parties involved, templates for detention doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared for installing detention door hardware.

### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of detention door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
    - b. Faulty operation of operators and detention door hardware.
    - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering or detention use.
- B. Warranty Period: Three years from date of Substantial Completion.

### 1.9 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions as needed for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of detention door hardware.
- B. Initial Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, provide 12 months' full maintenance by skilled employees of detention door hardware Installer. Include monthly preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper detention door hardware operation. Provide parts and supplies the same as those used in the manufacture and installation of original equipment.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SECURITY FASTENERS

- A. General: Operable only by tools produced for use on specific type of fastener by fastener manufacturer or other licensed fabricator. Drive-system type, head style, material, and protective coating as required for assembly, installation, and strength, and as follows:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Folger Adams.
    - b. Portland Security.
    - c. Multi Lock.
    - d. R.R. Brink Locking System.
  - 2. Drive-System Types: Pinned Torx.
  - 3. Fastener Strength: 120,000 psi.
  - 4. Socket Button Head Fasteners:
    - a. Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM F 835 (ASTM F 835M).
    - b. Stainless steel, ASTM F 879 (ASTM F 879M), Group 1 CW.
  - 5. Socket Flat Countersunk Head Fasteners:
    - a. Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM F 835 (ASTM F 835M).
    - b. Stainless steel, ASTM F 879 (ASTM F 879M), Group 1 CW.
  - 6. Socket Head Cap Fasteners:
    - a. Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM A 574 (ASTM A 574M).

- b. Stainless steel, ASTM F 837 (ASTM F 837M), Group 1 CW.
- 7. Protective Coatings for Heat-Treated Alloy Steel:
  - a. Zinc and clear trivalent chromium where indicated.
  - b. Zinc phosphate with oil, ASTM F 1137, Grade I, or black oxide unless otherwise indicated.

# 2.2 DETENTION HINGES, GENERAL

- A. Quantity: Provide the following unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Two Detention Hinges: For detention doors with heights up to 60 inches (1524 mm).
  - 2. Three Detention Hinges: For detention doors with heights 61 to 90 inches (1549 to 2286 mm).
  - 3. Four Detention Hinges: For detention doors with heights 91 to 120 inches (2311 to 3048 mm).
- B. Size: Provide the following, unless otherwise indicated, with detention hinge widths sized for 2-inch (51-mm) detention door thickness and clearances required:
  - 1. Doors up to 42 Inches (1067 mm) Wide: Minimum 4-1/2 inches (114 mm) wide by 0.180 inches (4.6 mm) thick or 5 inches (127 mm) wide by 0.190 inches (4.8 mm) thick.
  - 2. Doors Greater Than 42 Inches (1067 mm) Wide: Minimum 6 inches (152 mm) wide by 0.203 inches (5.2 mm) thick.
- C. Detention Hinge Base Metal: Unless otherwise indicated, provide the following:
  - 1. Interior Detention Hinges: Stainless steel, with stainless-steel pin.
- D. Fastening: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Welding: Where indicated, weld hinges to detention doors and frames with continuous fillet weld around three sides of hinge perimeter.

2. Security Fasteners: Provide socket flat countersunk head machine screws; finish screw heads to match surface of detention hinges. Install into drilled and tapped holes.

# 2.3 DETENTION HINGES

- A. Heavy Weight Concealed Bearing Detention Hinges: Heavy weight, concealed bearing; fabricated from steel; 3/8-inch-diameter, case-hardened, fully welded, steel hinge pin; full surface.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Folger Adams.
    - b. Stanley Hardware, Division of The Stanley Works (STH).
    - c. R.R. Brink Locking Systems.
  - 2. Leaves: Drilled for countersunk security fasteners.
  - 3. Size: Minimum 3 by 4 inches by 0.200 inch.
  - 4. Security Grade: 1 according to ASTM F 1758.
  - 5. Finish: BHMA 630.

# 2.4 DETENTION LOCKS AND LATCHES, GENERAL

- A. Swinging Detention Door Lock and Latch Performance: Provide detention door locks and latches that comply with security grade indicated, when tested according to ASTM F 1577, based on testing manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
- B. Detention Lock Functions: Provide function numbers and descriptions indicated in detention door hardware sets complying with ASTM F 1577.
- C. Detention Lock Construction: Fabricate detention lock case and cover plate from steel plate. Fabricate bolts from solid sections; laminated construction unacceptable.

- D. Detention Lock Throw: Comply with testing requirements for length of bolts to comply with labeled fire door requirements, and as follows:
  - 1. Latchbolts: Minimum 3/4-inch latchbolt throw.
  - 2. Deadbolts: Minimum 3/4-inch bolt throw.

#### E. Detention Lock Trim:

- 1. Levers: Solid stainless steel.
- 2. Escutcheons for Paracentric Locks: 0.125-inch- (3.18-mm-) thick, 3-inch- (75-mm-) diameter stainless steel with ANSI 630 finish. Attach with security fasteners.
  - a. Style: Single or double wing as required by lock function.
  - b. Provide escutcheons unless otherwise indicated.
- 3. Cylinder Shields for Paracentric Locks: 0.125-inch- (3.18-mm-) thick, 3-inch- (75-mm-) diameter stainless steel with ANSI 630 finish and swinging cover to protect keyhole. Attach with security fasteners.
  - a. Style: Single or double wing as required by lock function.
  - b. Provide cylinder shields unless otherwise indicated.

### 2.5 MECHANICAL DETENTION LOCKS AND LATCHES

- A. General: Provide mechanical detention lock mountings as follows. Coordinate installation with cell manufacturer's standards.
  - 1. Bar-Grille Detention Doors: Mount detention lock to back of steel enclosure welded to flat horizontal bars of bar-grille detention door; cover with 0.179-inch (4.56-mm) nominal-thickness steel plate. Attach plate with security fasteners.
- B. Lever-Tumbler Mechanical Deadbolt Lock for Swinging Doors, Paracentric:
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. R.R. Brink Locking Systems, Inc.; Series 7080.

- b. Folger Adam Detention Products; Series 70.
- 2. Function: Lockbolt retracted and extended by six-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side.
- 3. Lockbolt: 2 inches high by 3/4 inches thick; 3/4-inch throw.
- 4. Security Grade: 1.

# 2.6 CYLINDERS AND KEYING

- A. General: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide cylinders and keying for paracentric and mogul cylinders by the same manufacturer as for detention locks and latches.
- B. Paracentric Cylinders: Manufacturer's standard lever-tumbler type, constructed from one-piece spring-tempered brass; with tumblers activated by phosphor bronze springs; six tumblers per lock unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Keying System: Unless otherwise indicated, provide a factory-registered keying system complying with the following requirements:
  - 1. Paracentric cylinders operated by change keys only.
- D. Keys: Provide cast silicon-bronze copper alloy keys complying with the following:
  - 1. Stamping: Permanently inscribe each key with a visual key-control number and include the following notation:
    - a. Notation: "DO NOT DUPLICATE."
  - 2. Quantity: In addition to one extra blank key for each lock, provide the following:
    - a. Cylinder Change Keys: Three.

#### 2.7 DETENTION DOOR STOPS

A. Detention Floor Stops: 1-1/2-inch-high by 2-inch-diameter rubber bumper mounted on steel through bolt; BHMA A156.16; install through floor deck. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic.

- 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. Burns Manufacturing Incorporated (BM); Series 540.
  - b. Hager Companies (HAG); Series 269F.
  - c. Triangle Brass Manufacturing Co., Inc. (TBM); Series 1209.

#### 2.8 FABRICATION

- A. Manufacturer's Nameplate: Do not provide products that have manufacturer's name or trade name displayed in a visible location (omit removable nameplates) except in conjunction with required fire-rated labels and as otherwise approved by Architect.
- B. Base Metals: Produce detention door hardware units of base metal, fabricated by forming method indicated, using manufacturer's standard metal alloy, composition, temper, and hardness. Furnish metals of a quality equal to or greater than that of specified detention door hardware units and BHMA A156.18 finishes. Do not furnish manufacturer's standard materials or forming methods if different from specified standard.
- C. Fasteners: Provide flat-head security fasteners with finished heads to match surface of detention door hardware unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Security Fasteners: Fabricate detention door hardware using security fasteners with head style appropriate for fabrication requirements, strength, and finish of adjacent materials. Provide stainless-steel security fasteners in stainless-steel materials.
  - 2. Concealed Fasteners: For detention door hardware units that are exposed when detention door is closed except for units already specified with concealed fasteners. Do not use through bolts for installation where bolt head or nut on opposite face is exposed unless it is the only means of securely attaching detention door hardware. Where through bolts are used on hollow-metal detention door and frame construction, provide sleeves for each through bolt.
  - 3. Steel Machine Screws: For the following fire-rated applications:
    - a. Mortise detention hinges to detention doors.
    - b. Strike plates to detention frames.

- c. Security door closers to detention doors and frames.
- 4. Steel Through Bolts: For the following fire-rated applications unless door blocking is provided:
  - a. Surface detention hinges to detention doors.
  - b. Security door closers to detention doors and frames.
- 5. Spacers or Sex Bolts: For through bolting of hollow-metal detention doors.
- 6. Fasteners for Wood Detention Doors: Comply with DHI WDHS.2.

#### 2.9 FINISHES

- A. Standard: Comply with BHMA A156.18.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. BHMA Designations: Comply with base material and finish requirements indicated by the following:
  - 1. BHMA 630: Stainless steel, satin, over stainless-steel base metal.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine detention doors and frames, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance of detention door hardware.
- B. Examine roughing-in for embedded and built-in anchors to verify actual locations of detention door hardware connections before detention door hardware installation.
- C. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of detention door hardware.
- D. Inspect built-in and cast-in anchor installations, before installing detention door hardware, to verify that anchor installations comply with requirements. Prepare inspection reports.

Bid Documents November 2008

- 1. Remove and replace anchors where inspections indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements. Reinspect after repairs or replacements are made.
- 2. Perform additional inspections to determine compliance of replaced or additional work. Prepare inspection reports.
- E. Verify locations of detention door hardware with those indicated on Shop Drawings.
- F. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Steel Detention Doors and Frames: Comply with ANSI/DHI A115 Series.
  - 1. Surface-Applied Detention Door Hardware: Drill and tap detention doors and frames according to ANSI/SDI A250.6.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Mounting Heights: Mount detention door hardware units at heights indicated in the following applicable publications unless specifically indicated or required to comply with governing regulations:
  - 1. Steel Detention Doors and Frames: DHI's "Recommended Locations for Builders' Hardware for Custom Steel Doors and Frames."
- B. Install each detention door hardware item to comply with Shop Drawings and manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install detention door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing work specified in Division 09 Sections. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.
  - 1. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
  - 2. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.
- C. Security Fasteners: Install detention door hardware using security fasteners with head style appropriate for installation requirements, strength, and finish of adjacent materials.

# 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect installed products to verify compliance with requirements. Prepare inspection reports and indicate compliance with and deviations from the Contract Documents.
- B. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
  - 1. Verify that lock bolts engage strikes with required bolt projection.
  - 2. Verify that detention door hardware is installed, connected, and adjusted according to the Contract Documents.
- C. Remove and replace detention work if inspections indicate that work does not comply with specified requirements. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest as specified above.
- D. Perform additional inspections to determine compliance of replaced or additional work. Prepare inspection reports.
- E. Prepare field quality-control certification that states installed products and their installation comply with requirements in the Contract Documents.

# 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust and check each operating item of detention door hardware and each detention door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust detention door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.
  - 1. Strikes: Adjust horizontal and vertical alignment of keeper to properly engage lock bolt.

### 3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by detention door hardware installation.
- B. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.
- C. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure that detention door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

#### 3.7 DEMONSTRATION

Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain detention door Α. hardware and detention door hardware finishes. See Division 01 Section "Demonstration and Training."

#### 3.8 DETENTION DOOR HARDWARE SETS

General: Provide detention door hardware for each detention door to comply with A. requirements in this Section and detention door hardware sets as shown on the drawings and as indicated below.

Single Doors; each to have the following:

1	Securing Devices (active leaf)	Series 70 Mechanical Deadbolts	Folger Adams	Stainless Steel
*	Detention Hinges	IHTCB Series	Stanley Hardware	Stainless Steel
1	Stops	269F	Hager Companies	Black Rubber

Hinge quantity as per door height and manufacturer's recommendations

## PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

#### 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

No separate measurement will be made for work under this section. A.

### PART 5 – PAYMENT

#### 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work Α. described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-02 Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum

Detention Door Hardware 08 71 63 - 14 B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

END OF SECTION 087163

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### SECTION 088000 - GLAZING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes glazing for the following products and applications, including those specified in other Sections where glazing requirements are specified by reference to this Section:
  - 1. Windows.
  - 2. Doors.
  - Glazed entrances.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 08, Section "Aluminum Windows."
  - 2. Division 08, Section "Aluminum Framed Entrances and Store Fronts."

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Manufacturers of Glass Products: Firms that produce primary glass, fabricated glass, or both, as defined in referenced glazing publications.
- B. Glass Thicknesses: Indicated by thickness designations in millimeters according to ASTM C 1036.
- C. Interspace: Space between lites of an insulating-glass unit that contains dehydrated air or a specified gas.

- D. Deterioration of Coated Glass: Defects developed from normal use that are attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage and practices for maintaining and cleaning coated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include peeling, cracking, and other indications of deterioration in metallic coating.
- E. Deterioration of Insulating Glass: Failure of hermetic seal under normal use that is attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage and practices for maintaining and cleaning insulating glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Evidence of failure is the obstruction of vision by dust, moisture, or film on interior surfaces of glass.

# 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Provide glazing systems capable of withstanding normal thermal movement and wind and impact loads (where applicable) without failure, including loss or glass breakage attributable to the following: defective manufacture, fabrication, and installation; failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight and airtight; deterioration of glazing materials; or other defects in construction.
- B. Glass Design: Glass thickness designations indicated are minimums and are for detailing only. Confirm glass thicknesses by analyzing Project loads and in-service conditions. Provide glass lites in the thickness designations indicated for various size openings, but not less than thicknesses and in strengths (annealed or heat treated) required to meet or exceed the following criteria:
  - a. Maximum Lateral Deflection: For the following types of glass supported on all 4 edges, provide thickness required that limits center deflection at design wind pressure to 1/50 times the short side length or 1 inch, whichever is less.
    - 1) For monolithic-glass lites heat treated to resist wind loads.
    - 2) For insulating glass.
  - b. Minimum Glass Thickness for Exterior Lites: Not less than 6.0 mm.
  - c. Thickness of Tinted and Heat-Absorbing Glass: Provide the same thickness for each tint color indicated throughout Project.
- C. Thermal Movements: Provide glazing that allows for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures acting on glass framing members and glazing components. Base engineering

calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.

- 1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.
- D. Thermal and Optical Performance Properties: Provide glass with performance properties specified based on manufacturer's published test data, as determined according to procedures indicated below:
  - 1. For monolithic-glass lites, properties are based on units with lites 6.0 mm thick.
  - 2. For insulating-glass units, properties are based on units of thickness indicated for overall unit and for each lite.
  - 3. Center-of-Glass Values: Based on using LBL-44789 WINDOW 5.0 computer program for the following methodologies:
    - a. U-Factors: NFRC 100 expressed as Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F.
    - b. Solar Heat Gain Coefficient: NFRC 200.
    - c. Solar Optical Properties: NFRC 300.

# 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each glass product and glazing material indicated.
- B. Samples: For the following products, in the form of 12-inch- square Samples for glass and of 12-inch- long Samples for sealants. Install sealant Samples between two strips of material representative in color of the adjoining framing system.
- C. Samples: For the following products, in the form of 12-inch- square Samples for glass.
  - 1. Each color of tinted float glass.
  - 2. Wired glass.
  - 3. Insulating glass for each designation indicated.
  - 4. For each color (except black) of exposed glazing sealant indicated.

- D. Glazing Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings for glazed openings in preparing a schedule listing glass types and thicknesses for each size opening and location.
- E. Product Certificates: Signed by manufacturers of glass and glazing products certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.
  - 1. For solar-control low-e-coated glass, provide documentation demonstrating that manufacturer of coated glass is certified by coating manufacturer.
- F. Qualification Data: For installers.
- G. Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Test Report: From glazing sealant manufacturer indicating glazing sealants were tested for adhesion to glass and glazing channel substrates and for compatibility with glass and other glazing materials.
- H. Product Test Reports: For each of the following types of glazing products:
  - 1. Tinted float glass.
  - 2. Insulating glass.
  - 3. Glazing sealants.
  - 4. Glazing gaskets.
- I. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed glazing similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project; whose work has resulted in glass installations with a record of successful in-service performance; and who employs glass installers for this Project who are certified under the National Glass Association's Certified Glass Installer Program.
- B. Source Limitations for Glazing Accessories: Obtain glazing accessories through one source from a single manufacturer for each product and installation method indicated.
- C. Insulating-Glass Certification Program: Permanently marked either on spacers or on at least one component lite of units with appropriate certification label of the following testing and inspecting agency:

- 1. Insulating Glass Certification Council.
- 2. Associated Laboratories, Inc.
- D. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Protect glazing materials according to manufacturer's written instructions and as needed to prevent damage to glass and glazing materials from condensation, temperature changes, direct exposure to sun, or other causes.
- B. For insulating-glass units that will be exposed to substantial altitude changes, comply with insulating-glass manufacturer's written recommendations for venting and sealing to avoid hermetic seal ruptures.

#### 1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not proceed with glazing when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing material manufacturers and when glazing channel substrates are wet from rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
  - 1. Do not install liquid glazing sealants when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing sealant manufacturer or below 40 deg F.

#### 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Coated-Glass Products: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to Owner and signed by coated-glass manufacturer agreeing to replace coated-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Insulating Glass: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to Owner and signed by insulating-glass manufacturer agreeing to replace insulating-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
  - 2. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product specified.
  - 3. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

#### 2.2 GLASS PRODUCTS

- A. Annealed Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I (transparent flat glass), Quality-Q3; of class indicated.
  - 1. Ultra-Clear (Low-Iron) Float Glass: Class I (clear); with a minimum 91 percent visible light transmission and a minimum solar heat gain coefficient of 0.87.
    - a. Available Products:
      - 1) AFG Industries Inc.; Krystal Klear.
      - 2) Pilkington Building Products North America; Optiwhite.
      - 3) PPG Industries, Inc.; Starphire.
- B. Heat-Treated Float Glass: ASTM C 1048; Type I (transparent flat glass); Quality-Q3; of class, kind, and condition indicated.
  - 1. Fabrication Process: By horizontal (roller-hearth) process with roll-wave distortion parallel to bottom edge of glass as installed, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Provide Kind HS (heat-strengthened) float glass in place of annealed float glass where needed to resist thermal stresses induced by differential shading of individual glass lites and to comply with glass design requirements specified in Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article.

- 3. Provide Kind FT (fully tempered) float glass in place of annealed or Kind HS (heat-strengthened) float glass where safety glass is indicated.
- C. Insulating-Glass Units, General: Factory-assembled units consisting of sealed lites of glass separated by a dehydrated interspace, and complying with ASTM E 774 for Class CBA units and with requirements specified in this Article and in Part 2 "Insulating-Glass Units" Article.
  - 1. Provide Kind HS (heat-strengthened) float glass in place of annealed glass where needed to resist thermal stresses induced by differential shading of individual glass lites and to comply with glass design requirements specified in Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article.
  - 2. Provide Kind FT (fully tempered) glass lites where safety glass is indicated.
  - 3. Overall Unit Thickness and Thickness of Each Lite: Dimensions indicated for insulating-glass units are nominal and the overall thicknesses of units are measured perpendicularly from outer surfaces of glass lites at unit's edge.
  - 4. Sealing System: Dual seal, with primary and secondary sealants as follows:
    - a. Polyisobutylene and polysulfide.
    - b. Polyisobutylene and silicone.
    - c. Polyisobutylene and hot-melt butyl.
    - d. Polyisobutylene and polyurethane.
  - 5. Spacer Specifications: Manufacturer's standard spacer material and construction.
  - 6. Spacer Specifications: Manufacturer's standard spacer material and construction complying with the following requirements:
    - a. Spacer Material: Aluminum with mill or clear anodic finish
    - b. Corner Construction: Manufacturer's standard corner construction.

#### 2.3 GLAZING GASKETS

- A. Dense Compression Gaskets: Molded or extruded gaskets of material indicated below, complying with standards referenced with name of elastomer indicated below, and of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal:
  - 1. Neoprene, ASTM C 864.
  - 2. EPDM, ASTM C 864.
  - 3. Silicone, ASTM C 1115.
  - 4. Thermoplastic polyolefin rubber, ASTM C 1115.
  - 5. Any material indicated above.

#### 2.4 GLAZING SEALANTS

- A. General: Provide products of type indicated, complying with the following requirements:
  - Compatibility: Select glazing sealants that are compatible with one another and
    with other materials they will contact, including glass products, seals of
    insulating-glass units, and glazing channel substrates, under conditions of service
    and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and
    field experience.
  - 2. Suitability: Comply with sealant and glass manufacturers' written instructions for selecting glazing sealants suitable for applications indicated and for conditions existing at time of installation.
  - 3. VOC Content: For sealants used inside of the weatherproofing system, not more than 250 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 4. Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- B. Elastomeric Glazing Sealants: Comply with ASTM C 920 and other requirements indicated for each liquid-applied chemically curing sealant specified, including those referencing ASTM C 920 classifications for type, grade, class, and uses related to exposure and joint substrates.

- 1. Single-Component Neutral- and Basic-Curing Silicone Glazing Sealants
  - a. Available Products:
    - 1) Dow Corning Corporation; 790.
    - 2) GE Silicones; SilPruf LM SCS2700.
    - 3) Tremco; Spectrem 1 (Basic).
    - 4) Sonneborn, Div. of ChemRex, Inc.; Omniseal.
  - b. Type and Grade: S (single component) and NS (nonsag).
  - c. Class: 50.
  - d. Use Related to Exposure: NT (nontraffic).
  - e. Uses Related to Glazing Substrates: M, G, A, and, as applicable to glazing substrates indicated, O.
  - f. Applications: Describe types of glazing applications where this sealant is required.

#### 2.5 GLAZING TAPES

- A. Back-Bedding Mastic Glazing Tapes: Preformed, butyl-based elastomeric tape with a solids content of 100 percent; nonstaining and nonmigrating in contact with nonporous surfaces; with or without spacer rod as recommended in writing by tape and glass manufacturers for application indicated; packaged on rolls with a release paper backing; and complying with ASTM C 1281 and AAMA 800 for products indicated below:
  - 1. AAMA 804.3 tape, where indicated.
  - 2. AAMA 806.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is subject to continuous pressure.
  - 3. AAMA 807.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is not subject to continuous pressure.

- B. Expanded Cellular Glazing Tapes: Closed-cell, PVC foam tapes; factory coated with adhesive on both surfaces; packaged on rolls with release liner protecting adhesive; and complying with AAMA 800 for the following types:
  - 1. Type 1, for glazing applications in which tape acts as the primary sealant.
  - 2. Type 2, for glazing applications in which tape is used in combination with a full bead of liquid sealant.

# 2.6 MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide products of material, size, and shape complying with referenced glazing standard, requirements of manufacturers of glass and other glazing materials for application indicated, and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.
- B. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.
- C. Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.
- D. Spacers: Elastomeric blocks or continuous extrusions with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness required by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation indicated.
- E. Edge Blocks: Elastomeric material of hardness needed to limit glass lateral movement (side walking).
- F. Cylindrical Glazing Sealant Backing: ASTM C 1330, Type O (open-cell material), of size and density to control glazing sealant depth and otherwise produce optimum glazing sealant performance.
- G. Perimeter Insulation for Fire-Resistive Glazing: Identical to product used in test assembly to obtain fire-resistance rating.

#### 2.7 FABRICATION OF GLAZING UNITS

A. Fabricate glazing units in sizes required to glaze openings indicated for Project, with edge and face clearances, edge and surface conditions, and bite complying with written instructions of product manufacturer and referenced glazing publications, to comply with system performance requirements.

- B. Clean-cut or flat-grind vertical edges of butt-glazed monolithic lites in a manner that produces square edges with slight kerfs at junctions with outdoor and indoor faces.
- C. Grind smooth and polish exposed glass edges and corners.

# 2.8 MONOLITHIC FLOAT-GLASS UNITS

- A. Uncoated Clear Float-Glass Units MG- Class 1 (clear)
  - 1. Thickness: 6.0 mm
- B. Uncoated Tinted Float-Glass Units Class 2 tinted float glass.
  - 1. Thickness: 6.0 mm.
  - 2. Tint Color: "Azurlite" by PPG Industries, Inc.
  - 3. Visible Light Transmittance: percent minimum.

# 2.9 MONOLITHIC WIRED-GLASS UNITS

- A. Polished Wired-Glass Units: Form 1 (wired glass, polished both sides), Quality-Q6, Mesh 1 M1 (Diamond).
  - 1. Available Manufacturers:
    - a. Asahi/AMA Glass Corp.; affiliated with AFG Industries, Inc.
    - b. Central Glass Co., Ltd.; distributed by Northwestern Industries Inc.
    - c. Pilkington Sales (North America) Ltd.

#### 2.10 INSULATING-GLASS

- A. Solar-Control Low-E Insulating-Glass Units
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: PPG Glass or a comparable product by one of the following:
  - 2. Available Products:
    - a. AFG Glass.

Bid Documents November 2008

- b. PPG Industries.
- 3. Overall Unit Thickness 1" inches and Thickness of Each Lite: .25 inches.
- 4. Interspace Content: Argon.
- 5. Outdoor Lite: Class 1 (clear) 2 (tinted) float glass.
  - a. Tint Color: Blue. (Azurlite)
  - b. Kind FT (fully tempered).
- 6. Indoor Lite: Class 1 (clear) float glass.
  - a. Annealed or Kind FT (fully tempered).
- 7. Low-E Coating: Pyrolytic on second surface.
- 8. Visible Light Transmittance: 40 percent minimum.
- 9. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: 0.31 maximum.
- 10. Summer Daytime U-Factor: 0.32 maximum.
- 11. Solar Heat Gain Coefficient: 0.40 maximum.
- 12. Outdoor Visible Reflectance: 0.34 percent maximum.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine framing glazing, with Installer present, for compliance with the following:
  - 1. Manufacturing and installation tolerances, including those for size, squareness, and offsets at corners.
  - 2. Presence and functioning of weep system.
  - 3. Minimum required face or edge clearances.

- 4. Effective sealing between joints of glass-framing members.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Clean glazing channels and other framing members receiving glass immediately before glazing. Remove coatings not firmly bonded to substrates.

### 3.3 GLAZING, GENERAL

- A. Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of glass, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publications.
- B. Glazing channel dimensions, as indicated on Drawings, provide necessary bite on glass, minimum edge and face clearances, and adequate sealant thicknesses, with reasonable tolerances. Adjust as required by Project conditions during installation.
- C. Protect glass edges from damage during handling and installation. Remove damaged glass from Project site and legally dispose of off Project site. Damaged glass is glass with edge damage or other imperfections that, when installed, could weaken glass and impair performance and appearance.
- D. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction sealant-substrate testing.
- E. Install setting blocks in sill rabbets, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publications, unless otherwise required by glass manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.
- F. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.
- G. Provide spacers for glass lites where length plus width is larger than 50 inches as follows:
  - 1. Locate spacers directly opposite each other on both inside and outside faces of glass. Install correct size and spacing to preserve required face clearances, unless gaskets and glazing tapes are used that have demonstrated ability to maintain required face clearances and to comply with system performance requirements.

- 2. Provide 1/8-inch minimum bite of spacers on glass and use thickness equal to sealant width. With glazing tape, use thickness slightly less than final compressed thickness of tape.
- H. Provide edge blocking where indicated or needed to prevent glass lites from moving sideways in glazing channel, as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer and according to requirements in referenced glazing publications.
- I. Set glass lites in each series with uniform pattern, draw, bow, and similar characteristics.
- J. Where wedge-shaped gaskets are driven into one side of channel to pressurize sealant or gasket on opposite side, provide adequate anchorage so gasket cannot walk out when installation is subjected to movement.
- K. Square cut wedge-shaped gaskets at corners and install gaskets in a manner recommended by gasket manufacturer to prevent corners from pulling away; seal corner joints and butt joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

# 3.4 TAPE GLAZING

- A. Position tapes on fixed stops so that, when compressed by glass, their exposed edges are flush with or protrude slightly above sightline of stops.
- B. Install tapes continuously, but not necessarily in one continuous length. Do not stretch tapes to make them fit opening.
- C. Cover vertical framing joints by applying tapes to heads and sills first and then to jambs. Cover horizontal framing joints by applying tapes to jambs and then to heads and sills.
- D. Place joints in tapes at corners of opening with adjoining lengths butted together, not lapped. Seal joints in tapes with compatible sealant approved by tape manufacturer.
- E. Do not remove release paper from tape until just before each glazing unit is installed.
- F. Apply heel bead of elastomeric sealant.
- G. Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against tape by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings.

Bid Documents November 2008 H. Apply cap bead of elastomeric sealant over exposed edge of tape.

# 3.5 GASKET GLAZING (DRY)

- A. Fabricate compression gaskets in lengths recommended by gasket manufacturer to fit openings exactly, with allowance for stretch during installation.
- B. Insert soft compression gasket between glass and frame or fixed stop so it is securely in place with joints miter cut and bonded together at corners.
- C. Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against soft compression gasket by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.
- D. Install gaskets so they protrude past face of glazing stops.

# 3.6 SEALANT GLAZING (WET)

- A. Install continuous spacers, or spacers combined with cylindrical sealant backing, between glass lites and glazing stops to maintain glass face clearances and to prevent sealant from extruding into glass channel and blocking weep systems until sealants cure. Secure spacers or spacers and backings in place and in position to control depth of installed sealant relative to edge clearance for optimum sealant performance.
- B. Force sealants into glazing channels to eliminate voids and to ensure complete wetting or bond of sealant to glass and channel surfaces.
- C. Tool exposed surfaces of sealants to provide a substantial wash away from glass.

#### 3.7 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Protect exterior glass from damage immediately after installation by attaching crossed streamers to framing held away from glass. Do not apply markers to glass surface. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.
- B. Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations, including weld splatter. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with glass, remove substances immediately as recommended by glass manufacturer.

- C. Examine glass surfaces adjacent to or below exterior concrete and other masonry surfaces at frequent intervals during construction, but not less than once a month, for buildup of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, or stains; remove as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.
- D. Remove and replace glass that is broken, chipped, cracked, or abraded or that is damaged from natural causes, accidents, and vandalism, during construction period.
- E. Wash glass on both exposed surfaces in each area of Project not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Substantial Completion. Wash glass as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.

#### PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

#### 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

#### PART 5 – PAYMENT

#### 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island-per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum
Item 011010-05	Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

#### END OF SECTION 088000

#### SECTION 089000 - LOUVERS AND VENTS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Fixed, extruded-aluminum louvers.
- B. See Division 08 Section "Hollow Metal Doors and Frames" for louvers in hollow-metal doors.
- C. See Division 23 Sections for louvers that are a part of mechanical equipment.

# 1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design louvers, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using structural performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- B. Structural Performance: Louvers shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated without permanent deformation of louver components, noise or metal fatigue caused by louver blade rattle or flutter, or permanent damage to fasteners and anchors.
  - 1. Wind Loads: Determine loads based on pressures as indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Wind Loads: Determine loads based on a uniform pressure of 20 lbf/sq. ft. (957 Pa), acting inward or outward.
- C. Louver Performance Ratings: Provide louvers complying with requirements specified, as demonstrated by testing manufacturer's stock units identical to those provided, except for length and width according to AMCA 500-L.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
  - 1. For louvers specified to bear AMCA seal, include printed catalog pages showing specified models with appropriate AMCA Certified Ratings Seals.

- B. Shop Drawings: For louvers and accessories. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work. Show frame profiles and blade profiles, angles, and spacing.
- C. Samples: For each type of metal finish required.
- D. Delegated-Design Submittal: For louvers indicated to comply with structural performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
- E. Product Test Reports: Based on tests performed according to AMCA 500-L.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), Alloy 6063-T5, T-52, or T6.
- B. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M), Alloy 3003 or 5005 with temper as required for forming, or as otherwise recommended by metal producer for required finish.
- C. Fasteners: Use types and sizes to suit unit installation conditions.
  - 1. For fastening aluminum, use aluminum or 300 series stainless-steel fasteners.
  - 2. For color-finished louvers, use fasteners with heads that match color of louvers.
- D. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187.

# 2.2 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Fabricate frames, including integral sills, to fit in openings of sizes indicated, with allowances made for fabrication and installation tolerances, adjoining material tolerances, and perimeter sealant joints.
- B. Join frame members to each other and to fixed louver blades with fillet welds concealed from view unless otherwise indicated or size of louver assembly makes bolted connections between frame members necessary.

# 2.3 FIXED, EXTRUDED-ALUMINUM LOUVERS

# A. Horizontal, Drainable-Blade Louver

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
- 2. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
  - a. Airolite Company, LLC (The).
  - b. Construction Specialties, Inc.
  - c. Industrial Louvers, Inc.
  - d. Louvers & Dampers, Inc.; a division of Mestek, Inc.
  - e. Reliable Products, Inc.
  - f. Ruskin Company; Tomkins PLC.
- 3. Louver Depth: 4 inches.
- 4. Frame and Blade Nominal Thickness: Not less than 0.060 inch for blades and 0.080 inch for frames.
- 5. Louver Performance Ratings:
  - a. Free Area: Not less than 7.0 sq. ft. high louver.
  - b. Point of Beginning Water Penetration: Not less than 900 fpm.
  - c. Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg static pressure drop at 700-fpm50-fpm velocity.
  - d. Air Performance: Not more than 0.15-inch wg static pressure drop at 900-fpm free-area intake velocity.
- 6. AMCA Seal: Mark units with AMCA Certified Ratings Seal.

#### 2.4 LOUVER SCREENS

- A. General: Provide screen at each exterior louver.
- B. Louver Screen Frames: Same kind and form of metal as indicated for louver to which screens are attached.
- C. Louver Screening:
  - 1. Bird Screening: Aluminum, 1/2-inch- square mesh, 0.063-inch wire.

#### 2.5 ALUMINUM FINISHES

- A. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm or thicker.
  - 1. Color: As selected by the Architect from manufacturer's full range.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Locate and place louvers and vents level, plumb, and at indicated alignment with adjacent work.
- B. Use concealed anchorages where possible. Provide brass or lead washers fitted to screws where required to protect metal surfaces and to make a weathertight connection.
- C. Provide perimeter reveals and openings of uniform width for sealants and joint fillers, as indicated.
- D. Repair damaged finishes so no evidence remains of corrective work. Return items that cannot be refinished in the field to the factory and refinish entire unit or provide new units.
- E. Protect galvanized and nonferrous-metal surfaces that will be in contact with concrete, masonry, or dissimilar metals from corrosion and galvanic action by applying a heavy coating of bituminous paint.

# PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

# 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

# PART 5 - PAYMENT

# 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island-per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum
Item 011010-05	Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

# END OF SECTION 089000

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#### SECTION 092216 - NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes non-load-bearing steel framing members for the following applications:
  - 1. Interior framing systems (e.g., supports for partition walls, framed soffits, furring, etc.).
  - 2. Interior suspension systems (e.g., supports for ceilings, suspended soffits, etc.).
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 07 Section "Thermal Insulation" for insulation installed with furring members.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies that incorporate non-load-bearing steel framing, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.
- B. STC-Rated Assemblies: For STC-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by an independent testing agency.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 NON-LOAD-BEARING STEEL FRAMING, GENERAL

- A. Framing Members, General: Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.
  - 1. Steel Sheet Components: Comply with ASTM C 645 requirements for metal, unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.2 SUSPENSION SYSTEM COMPONENTS

- A. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.0625-inch- (1.59-mm-) diameter wire, or double strand of 0.0475-inch- (1.21-mm-) diameter wire.
- B. Wire Hangers: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.162-inch diameter.
- C. Carrying Channels: Cold-rolled, commercial-steel sheet with a base-metal thickness of 0.0538 inch and minimum 1/2-inch- wide flanges.
  - 1. Depth: 1-1/2 inches.
- D. Furring Channels (Furring Members):
  - 1. Steel Studs: ASTM C 645.
    - a. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.0312 inch.
    - b. Depth: As indicated on Drawings: 1-5/8 inches.
  - 2. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645, 7/8 inch deep.
    - a. Minimum Base Metal Thickness: 0.0179 inch.

### 2.3 STEEL FRAMING FOR FRAMED ASSEMBLIES

- A. Steel Studs and Runners: ASTM C 645.
  - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.0179 inch.
  - 2. Depth: 6 inches and 3-5/8 inches and as indicated on Drawings.

- B. Firestop Tracks: Top runner manufactured to allow partition heads to expand and contract with movement of the structure while maintaining continuity of fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated; in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.
  - 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Fire Trak Corp.;
    - b. Metal-Lite, Inc.; The System.
- C. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645.
  - 1. Minimum Base Metal Thickness: 0.0179 inch.
  - 2. Depth: 7/8 inch.
- D. Z-Channel Shape.
  - 1. Minimum Base Thickness: .0179 inch.
  - 2. Depth: 2 inches.

## 2.4 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards.
  - 1. Fasteners for Metal Framing: Of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power, and other properties required to fasten steel members to substrates.
- B. Isolation Strip at Exterior Walls: Provide one of the following:
  - 1. Asphalt-Saturated Organic Felt: ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15 asphalt felt), nonperforated.
  - 2. Foam Gasket: Adhesive-backed, closed-cell vinyl foam strips that allow fastener penetration without foam displacement, 1/8 inch thick, in width to suit steel stud size.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollow-metal frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance.
  - 1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Suspended Assemblies: Coordinate installation of suspension systems with installation of overhead structure to ensure that inserts and other provisions for anchorages to building structure have been installed to receive hangers at spacing required to support the Work and that hangers will develop their full strength.
  - 1. Furnish concrete inserts and other devices indicated to other trades for installation in advance of time needed for coordination and construction.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Installation Standard: ASTM C 754, except comply with framing sizes and spacing indicated.
  - 1. Gypsum Board Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 840 that apply to framing installation.
- B. Install supplementary framing, and blocking to support fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, toilet accessories, furnishings, or similar construction.
- C. Install bracing at terminations in assemblies.
- D. Do not bridge building control and expansion joints with non-load-bearing steel framing members. Frame both sides of joints independently.

#### 3.4 INSTALLING SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

A. Install suspension system components in sizes and spacings indicated on Drawings, but not less than those required by referenced installation standards for assembly types and other assembly components indicated.

- B. Isolate suspension systems from building structure where they abut or are penetrated by building structure to prevent transfer of loading imposed by structural movement.
- C. Suspend hangers from building structure as follows:
  - 1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structural or suspension system.
    - a. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions and offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
  - 2. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with locations of hangers required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in the form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
    - a. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced installation standards.
  - 3. Wire Hangers: Secure by looping and wire tying, either directly to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for substrate, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
  - 4. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck.
  - 5. Do not attach hangers to permanent metal forms. Furnish cast-in-place hanger inserts that extend through forms.
  - 6. Do not attach hangers to rolled-in hanger tabs of composite steel floor deck.
  - 7. Do not connect or suspend steel framing from ducts, pipes, or conduit.
- D. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Wire tie furring channels to supports.
- E. Grid Suspension Systems: Attach perimeter wall track or angle where grid suspension systems meet vertical surfaces. Mechanically join main beam and cross-furring members to each other and butt-cut to fit into wall track.
- F. Installation Tolerances: Install suspension systems that are level to within 1/8 inch in 12 feet measured lengthwise on each member that will receive finishes and transversely between parallel members that will receive finishes.

## 3.5 INSTALLING FRAMED ASSEMBLIES

- A. Where studs are installed directly against exterior masonry walls or dissimilar metals at exterior walls, install isolation strip between studs and exterior wall.
- B. Install studs so flanges within framing system point in same direction.
  - 1. Space studs as follows:
    - a. Single-Layer Application 16 inches
    - b. Multilayer Application: 16 inches o.c., unless otherwise indicated.
    - c. Tile backing panels: 16 inches o.c., unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install tracks (runners) at floors and overhead supports. Extend framing full height to structural supports or substrates above suspended ceilings, except where partitions are indicated to terminate at suspended ceilings. Continue framing around ducts penetrating partitions above ceiling.
  - 1. Door Openings: Screw vertical studs at jambs to jamb anchor clips on door frames; install runner track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to jamb studs.
    - a. Install two studs at each jamb, unless otherwise indicated.
    - b. Install cripple studs at head adjacent to each jamb stud, with a minimum 1/2-inch clearance from jamb stud to allow for installation of control joint in finished assembly.
    - c. Extend jamb studs through suspended ceilings and attach to underside of overhead structure.
  - 2. Other Framed Openings: Frame openings other than door openings the same as required for door openings, unless otherwise indicated. Install framing below sills of openings to match framing required above door heads.

- 3. Full Height Partitions: Install framing to bottom of truss where indicated and support closures and to make partitions continuous from floor to underside of solid structure.
  - a. Firestop Track: Install to maintain continuity of fire-resistance-rated and deflection capability of assembly indicated.

# D. Direct Furring:

- 1. Screw to wood framing.
- 2. Attach to concrete or masonry with stub nails, screws designed for masonry attachment, or powder-driven fasteners spaced 24 inches o.c.
- 3. At exterior corners, attach wide flange of furring members to wall with short flange extending beyond corner; on adjacent wall surface, screw-attach short flange of furring channel to web of attached channel. At interior corners, space second member no more than 12 inches from corner and cut insulation to fit.
- E. Installation Tolerance: Install each framing member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch from the plane formed by faces of adjacent framing.

#### PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

# 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

#### PART 5 - PAYMENT

## 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island-per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum

Item 011010-05 Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

END OF SECTION 092216

#### SECTION 092900 - GYPSUM BOARD

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Interior gypsum board.
  - 2. Exterior gypsum board for ceilings and soffits.
  - 3. Tile backing panels.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 07 Section "Thermal Insulation" for insulation and vapor retarders installed in assemblies that incorporate gypsum board.
  - 2. Division 09 Section "Non-Structural Metal Framing" for non-structural framing and suspension systems that support gypsum board.
  - 3. Division 09 painting Sections for primers applied to gypsum board surfaces.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.

B. STC-Rated Assemblies: For STC-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by an independent testing agency.

## 1.5 STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction traffic, and other causes. Stack panels flat to prevent sagging.

## 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C 840 requirements or gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.
- B. Do not install interior products until installation areas are enclosed and conditioned.
- C. Do not install panels that are wet, those that are moisture damaged, and those that are mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PANELS, GENERAL

A. Size: Provide in maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and that correspond with support system indicated.

## 2.2 INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. General: Complying with ASTM C 36/C 36M or ASTM C 1396/C 1396M, as applicable to type of gypsum board indicated and whichever is more stringent.
  - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - a. American Gypsum Co.
  - b. BPB America Inc.
  - c. G-P Gypsum.
  - d. USG Corporation.
- B. Regular Type:
  - 1. Thickness: 5/8 inch.
  - 2. Long Edges: Tapered.
- C. Type X:
  - 1. Thickness: 5/8 inch.
  - 2. Long Edges: Tapered.
- D. Ceiling Type: Manufactured to have more sag resistance than regular-type gypsum board.
  - 1. Thickness: 1/2 inch.
  - 2. Long Edges: Tapered.
  - 3. Type X: In vehicle storage and all roof trusses.
- E. Abuse-Resistant Type: Manufactured to produce greater resistance to surface indentation, through-penetration (impact resistance), and abrasion than standard, regular-type and Type X gypsum board.
  - 1. Core: As indicated on Drawings
  - 2. Long Edges: Tapered.

## 2.3 TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. Interior Trim: ASTM C 1047.
  - 1. Material: Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet, rolled zinc, plastic, or paper-faced galvanized steel sheet.
    - a. Cornerbead.
    - b. LC-Bead: J-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
    - c. L-Bead: L-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
    - d. U-Bead: J-shaped; exposed short flange does not receive joint compound.
    - e. Expansion (control) joint.
- B. Aluminum Trim: Extruded accessories of profiles and dimensions indicated.
  - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Fry Reglet Corp.
    - b. Gordon, Inc.
    - c. Pittcon Industries.
- 2.4 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS
  - A. General: Comply with ASTM C 475/C 475M.
  - B. Joint Tape:
    - 1. Interior Gypsum Wallboard: Paper.
  - C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Wallboard: For each coat use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.

- 1. Prefilling: At open joints, and damaged surface areas, use setting-type taping compound.
- 2. Embedding and First Coat: For embedding tape and first coat on joints, fasteners, and trim flanges, use setting-type taping compound.
  - a. Use setting-type compound for installing paper-faced metal trim accessories.
- 3. Fill Coat: For second coat, use setting-type, sandable topping compound.
- 4. Finish Coat: For third coat, use setting-type, sandable topping] compound.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollow-metal frames and framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 APPLYING AND FINISHING PANELS, GENERAL

- A. Comply with ASTM C 840.
- B. Install ceiling panels across framing to minimize the number of abutting end joints and to avoid abutting end joints in central area of each ceiling. Stagger abutting end joints of adjacent panels not less than one framing member.
- C. Install panels with face side out. Butt panels together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inch of open space between panels. Do not force into place.
- D. Locate edge and end joints over supports, except in ceiling applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints on

opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints other than control joints at corners of framed openings.

- E. Isolate perimeter of gypsum board applied to non-load-bearing partitions at structural abutments, except floors. Provide 1/4- to 1/2-inch- wide spaces at these locations, and trim edges with edge trim where edges of panels are exposed. Seal joints between edges and abutting structural surfaces with acoustical sealant.
- F. Attachment to Steel Framing: Attach panels so leading edge or end of each panel is attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.
- G. STC-Rated Assemblies: Seal construction at perimeters, behind control joints, and at openings and penetrations with a continuous bead of acoustical sealant. Install acoustical sealant at both faces of partitions at perimeters and through penetrations. Comply with ASTM C 919 and with manufacturer's written recommendations for locating edge trim and closing off sound-flanking paths around or through assemblies, including sealing partitions above acoustical ceilings.

## 3.3 APPLYING INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Install interior gypsum board in the following locations:
  - 1. Regular Type: As indicated on Drawings
  - 2. Type X: Where required for fire-resistance-rated assembly Type C: As indicated on Drawings
  - 3. Ceiling Type: Ceiling surfaces.
  - 4. Abuse-Resistant Type: As indicated on Drawings.

# B. Single-Layer Application:

- 1. On ceilings, apply gypsum panels before wall/partition board application to greatest extent possible and at right angles to framing, unless otherwise indicated.
- 2. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum panels horizontally (perpendicular to framing), unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly, and minimize end joints.
  - a. Stagger abutting end joints not less than one framing member in alternate courses of panels.

- b. At stairwells and other high walls, install panels horizontally, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly.
- 3. On Z-furring members, apply gypsum panels vertically (parallel to framing) with no end joints. Locate edge joints over furring members.
- 4. Fastening Methods: Apply gypsum panels to supports with steel drill screws.

# C. Multilayer Application:

- 1. On ceilings, apply gypsum board indicated for base layers before applying base layers on walls/partitions; apply face layers in same sequence. Apply base layers at right angles to framing members and offset face-layer joints 1 framing member, 16 inches minimum, from parallel base-layer joints, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly.
- 2. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum board indicated for base layers and face layers vertically (parallel to framing) with joints of base layers located over stud or furring member and face-layer joints offset at least one stud or furring member with base-layer joints, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly. Stagger joints on opposite sides of partitions.
- 3. Fastening Methods: Fasten base layers and face layers separately to supports with screws

#### 3.4 INSTALLING TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. General: For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Control Joints: Install control joints according to ASTM C 840 and in specific locations approved by Architect for visual effect.
- C. Interior Trim: Install in the following locations:
  - 1. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners.
  - 2. L-Bead: Use where indicated
  - 3. U-Bead: where indicated.

## 3.5 FINISHING GYPSUM BOARD

- A. General: Treat gypsum board joints, interior angles, edge trim, control joints, penetrations, fastener heads, surface defects, and elsewhere as required to prepare gypsum board surfaces for decoration. Promptly remove residual joint compound from adjacent surfaces.
- B. Prefill open joints, beveled edges, and damaged surface areas.
- C. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except those with trim having flanges not intended for tape.
- D. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below and according to ASTM C 840:
  - 1. Level 1: Ceiling plenum areas, concealed areas, and where indicated.
  - 2. Level 4: At panel surfaces that will be exposed to view, unless otherwise indicated.

## PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

## 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

# PART 5 - PAYMENT

## 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island–per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum
Item 011010-05	Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

Bid Documents November 2008 B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

END OF SECTION 092900

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#### SECTION 093000 - TILING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Ceramic mosaic tile.
  - 2. Metal edge strips installed as part of tile installations.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 03 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for monolithic slab finishes specified for tile substrates.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Module Size: Actual tile size (minor facial dimension as measured per ASTM C 499) plus joint width indicated.
- B. Facial Dimension: Actual tile size (minor facial dimension as measured per ASTM C 499).
- C. Facial Dimension: Nominal tile size as defined in ANSI A137.1.

## 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Static Coefficient of Friction: For tile installed on walkway surfaces, provide products with the following values as determined by testing identical products per ASTM C 1028:
  - 1. Level Surfaces: Minimum 0.6.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show locations of each type of tile and tile pattern. Show widths, details, and locations of expansion, contraction, control, and isolation joints in tile substrates and finished tile surfaces.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of tile and grout indicated. Include Samples of accessories involving color selection.
- D. Mockup for Verification:
  - 1. Assembled samples with grouted joints for each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required, at least 12 inches square. Use grout of type and in color or colors approved for completed work.
- E. Product Certificates: For each type of product, signed by product manufacturer.
- F. Material Test Reports: For each tile-setting and -grouting product and special-purpose tile.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations for Tile: Obtain all from one source or producer.
  - 1. Obtain tile from same production run and of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties for each contiguous area.
- B. Source Limitations for Setting and Grouting Materials: Obtain ingredients of a uniform quality for each mortar, adhesive, and grout component from a single manufacturer and each aggregate from one source or producer.
- C. Source Limitations for Other Products: Obtain each of the following products specified in this Section through one source from a single manufacturer for each product:
  - 1. Stone thresholds.
  - 2. Joint sealants.
  - 3. Metal edge strips.

D. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver and store packaged materials in original containers with seals unbroken and labels intact until time of use. Comply with requirement in ANSI A137.1 for labeling sealed tile packages.
- B. Store tile and cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location.
- C. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.
- D. Store liquid latexes and emulsion adhesives in unopened containers and protected from freezing.
- E. Handle tile that has temporary protective coating on exposed surfaces to prevent coated surfaces from contacting backs or edges of other units. If coating does contact bonding surfaces of tile, remove coating from bonding surfaces before setting tile.

#### 1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install tile until construction in spaces is complete and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated in referenced standards and manufacturer's written instructions.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:
  - 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the products specified.
  - 2. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.

- 3. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the manufacturers specified.
- 4. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.
- 5. Basis-of-Design Product: The design for each tile type is based on the product named. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide either the named product or a comparable product by one of the other manufacturers specified.

## 2.2 PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. ANSI Ceramic Tile Standard: Provide tile that complies with ANSI A137.1, "Specifications for Ceramic Tile," for types, compositions, and other characteristics indicated.
  - 1. Provide tile complying with Standard grade requirements, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. For facial dimensions of tile, comply with requirements relating to tile sizes specified in Part 1 "Definitions" Article.
- B. ANSI Standards for Tile Installation Materials: Provide materials complying with ANSI standards referenced in "Setting and Grouting Materials" Article.
- C. Colors, Textures, and Patterns: Where manufacturer's standard products are indicated for tile, grout, and other products requiring selection of colors, surface textures, patterns, and other appearance characteristics, provide specific products or materials complying with the following requirements:
  - 1. As selected by Architect from manufacturer's, (as indicated on drawings.)
- D. Factory Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations within ranges selected during Sample submittals, blend tile in factory and package so tile units taken from one package show same range in colors as those taken from other packages and match approved Samples.
- E. Mounting: For factory-mounted tile, provide back- or edge-mounted tile assemblies as standard with manufacturer, unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Factory-Applied Temporary Protective Coating: Where indicated under tile type, protect exposed surfaces of tile against adherence of mortar and grout by precoating

Bid Documents November 2008 with continuous film of petroleum paraffin wax, applied hot. Do not coat unexposed tile surfaces.

## 2.3 TILE

- A. Available Manufacturers:
  - 1. American Marazzi Tile, Inc.
  - 2. American Olean; Div. of Dal-Tile International Corp.
  - 3. Daltile; Div. of Dal-Tile International Inc.
  - 4. Florida Tile Industries, Inc.
  - 5. Monarch Tile, Inc.
  - 6. United States Ceramic Tile Company.
- B. Unglazed Ceramic Mosaic Tile: Factory-mounted flat tile as follows:
  - 1. Composition: Porcelain.
  - 2. Surface: Smooth, without Slip-resistant abrasive admixture.
  - 3. Module Size: 2 by 2 inches.
  - 4. Nominal Thickness: 1/4 inch.
  - 5. Face: Plain with cushion edges.
  - 6. Basis-of-Design Product: As indicated on drawings.

## 2.4 THRESHOLDS

- A. General: Fabricate to sizes and profiles indicated or required to provide transition between adjacent floor finishes.
  - 1. Bevel edges at 1:2 slope, aligning lower edge of bevel with adjacent floor finish. Limit height of bevel to 1/2 inch or less, and finish bevel to match face of threshold.

- B. Marble Thresholds: ASTM C 503 with a minimum abrasion resistance of 10 per ASTM C 1353 or ASTM C 241 and with honed finish.
  - 1. Description: Uniform, fine- to medium-grained white stone with gray veining.

## 2.5 SETTING AND GROUTING MATERIALS.

- A. Available Manufacturers:
  - 1. Atlas Minerals & Chemicals, Inc.
  - 2. Bostik.
  - 3. DAP, Inc.
  - 4. MAPEI Corporation.
  - 5. Southern Grouts & Mortars, Inc.
- B. Latex-Portland Cement Mortar (Thin Set): ANSI A118.4, consisting of the following:
  - 1. Prepackaged dry-mortar mix containing dry, redispersible, ethylene vinyl acetate additive to which only water must be added at Project site.
    - a. For wall applications, provide nonsagging mortar that complies with Paragraph F-4.6.1 in addition to the other requirements in ANSI A118.4.
- C. Standard Sanded Cement Grout: ANSI A118.6, color as selected from manufacturer's full range.

## 2.6 ELASTOMERIC SEALANTS

- A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard chemically curing, elastomeric sealants of base polymer and characteristics indicated that comply with applicable requirements in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."
  - 1. Use sealants that have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- B. Colors: Provide colors of exposed sealants to match colors of grout in tile adjoining sealed joints, unless otherwise indicated.

C. One-Part, Mildew-Resistant Silicone Sealant: ASTM C 920; Type S; Grade NS; Class 25; Uses NT, G, A, and, as applicable to nonporous joint substrates indicated, O; formulated with fungicide, intended for sealing interior ceramic tile joints and other nonporous substrates that are subject to in-service exposures of high humidity and extreme temperatures. Coordinate subparagraph and associated subparagraphs below with Part 2 "Manufacturers" Article if multiple products are specified. Retain "Available" for nonproprietary and delete for semiproprietary specifications.

## Available Products:

- a. Dow Corning Corporation; Dow Corning 786.
- b. GE Silicones; Sanitary 1700.
- c. Pecora Corporation; Pecora 898 Sanitary Silicone Sealant.
- d. Tremco, Inc.; Tremsil 600 White.

## 2.7 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Underlayments and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer of tile-setting materials for installations indicated.
- B. Metal Edge Strips: Angle or L-shape, height to match tile and setting-bed thickness, metallic or combination of metal and PVC or neoprene base, designed specifically for flooring applications, exposed-edge material.
- C. Tile Cleaner: A neutral cleaner capable of removing soil and residue without harming tile and grout surfaces, specifically approved for materials and installations indicated by tile and grout manufacturers.
- D. Grout Sealer: Manufacturer's standard silicone product for sealing grout joints that does not change color or appearance of grout.

## 2.8 MIXING MORTARS AND GROUT

- A. Mix mortars and grouts to comply with referenced standards and mortar and grout manufacturers' written instructions.
- B. Add materials, water, and additives in accurate proportions.

C. Obtain and use type of mixing equipment, mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures to produce mortars and grouts of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for installations indicated.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where tile will be installed, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of installed tile.
  - 1. Verify that substrates for setting tile are firm; dry; clean; free of oil, waxy films, and curing compounds; and within flatness tolerances required by referenced ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards for installations indicated.
  - 2. Verify that installation of grounds, anchors, recessed frames, electrical and mechanical units of work, and similar items located in or behind tile has been completed before installing tile.
  - 3. Verify that joints and cracks in tile substrates are coordinated with tile joint locations; if not coordinated, adjust joint locations in consultation with Architect.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Remove coatings, including curing compounds and other substances that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, that are incompatible with tile-setting materials.
- B. Provide concrete substrates for tile floors installed with adhesives or thin-set mortar that comply with flatness tolerances specified in referenced ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards.
  - 1. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions with trowelable leveling and patching compound according to tile-setting material manufacturer's written instructions. Use product specifically recommended by tile-setting material manufacturer.
  - 2. Remove protrusions, bumps, and ridges by sanding or grinding.
- C. Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations within ranges selected during Sample submittals, verify that tile has been factory blended and packaged so tile units taken from one package show same range of colors as those taken from other packages and

match approved Samples. If not factory blended, either return to manufacturer or blend tiles at Project site before installing.

D. Field-Applied Temporary Protective Coating: Where indicated under tile type or needed to prevent grout from staining or adhering to exposed tile surfaces, precoat them with continuous film of temporary protective coating, taking care not to coat unexposed tile surfaces.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. ANSI Tile Installation Standards: Comply with parts of ANSI A108 Series "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" that apply to types of setting and grouting materials and to methods indicated in ceramic tile installation schedules.
- B. TCA Installation Guidelines: TCA's "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation." Comply with TCA installation methods indicated in ceramic tile installation schedules.
- C. Extend tile work into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures to form complete covering without interruptions, unless otherwise indicated. Terminate work neatly at obstructions, edges, and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.
- D. Accurately form intersections and returns. Perform cutting and drilling of tile without marring visible surfaces. Carefully grind cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish, or built-in items for straight aligned joints. Fit tile closely to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures, and other penetrations so plates, collars, or covers overlap tile.
- E. Jointing Pattern: Lay tile in grid pattern, unless otherwise indicated. Align joints when adjoining tiles on floor, base, walls, and trim are same size. Lay out tile work and center tile fields in both directions in each space or on each wall area. Adjust to minimize tile cutting. Provide uniform joint widths, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. For tile mounted in sheets, make joints between tile sheets same width as joints within tile sheets so joints between sheets are not apparent in finished work.
- F. Expansion Joints: Locate expansion joints and other sealant-filled joints, including control, contraction, and isolation joints, where indicated during installation of setting materials, mortar beds, and tile. Do not saw-cut joints after installing tiles.
  - 1. Locate joints in tile surfaces directly above joints in concrete substrates.
  - 2. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."

- G. Grout tile to comply with requirements of the following tile installation standards:
  - 1. For ceramic tile grouts (sand-portland cement; dry-set, commercial portland cement; and latex-portland cement grouts), comply with ANSI A108.10.

## 3.4 FLOOR TILE INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install tile to comply with requirements in the Floor Tile Installation Schedule, including those referencing TCA installation methods and ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards.
- B. Joint Widths: Install tile on floors with the following joint widths:
  - 1. Ceramic Mosaic Tile: 1/16 inch.
- C. Stone Thresholds: Install stone thresholds at locations indicated; set in same type of setting bed as abutting field tile, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Set thresholds in latex-portland cement mortar for locations where mortar bed would otherwise be exposed above adjacent nontile floor finish.
- D. Metal Edge Strips: Install at locations indicated or where exposed edge of tile flooring meets carpet, wood, or other flooring that finishes flush with top of tile.
- E. Grout Sealer: Apply grout sealer to cementitious grout joints according to grout-sealer manufacturer's written instructions. As soon as grout sealer has penetrated grout joints, remove excess sealer and sealer that has gotten on tile faces by wiping with soft cloth.

## 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTING

- A. Cleaning: On completion of placement and grouting, clean all ceramic tile surfaces so they are free of foreign matter.
  - 1. Remove grout residue from tile as soon as possible.
  - 2. Clean grout smears and haze from tile according to tile and grout manufacturer's written instructions, but no sooner than 10 days after installation. Use only cleaners recommended by tile and grout manufacturers and only after determining that cleaners are safe to use by testing on samples of tile and other surfaces to be cleaned. Protect metal surfaces and plumbing fixtures from effects of cleaning. Flush surfaces with clean water before and after cleaning.

- 3. Remove temporary protective coating by method recommended by coating manufacturer that is acceptable to tile and grout manufacturer. Trap and remove coating to prevent it from clogging drains.
- B. When recommended by tile manufacturer, apply coat of neutral protective cleaner to completed tile walls and floors. Protect installed tile work with kraft paper or other heavy covering during construction period to prevent staining, damage, and wear.
- C. Prohibit foot and wheel traffic from tiled floors for at least seven days after grouting is completed.
- D. Before final inspection, remove protective coverings and rinse neutral cleaner from tile surfaces.

## 3.6 FLOOR TILE INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

- 1. Tile Installation:
- B. Tile Installation: Interior floor installation on concrete; thin-set mortar; TCA F113 and ANSI A108.5.
  - 1. Tile Type: Unglazed ceramic mosaic Unglazed paver.
  - 2. Thin-Set Mortar: portland cement mortar.

## 3.7 WALL TILE INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

- A. Tile Installation Interior wall installation over masonry or concrete; and ANSI A108.1A.
  - 1. Tile Type: Glazed wall tile.
  - 2. Thin-Set Mortar: Latex- portland cement mortar.
  - 3. Grout: Sand-portland cement grout.

## PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

## 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

## PART 5 - PAYMENT

# 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island-per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum
Item 011010-05	Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

END OF SECTION 093000

#### SECTION 095123 - ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILINGS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes acoustical tiles for ceilings and the following:
  - 1. Exposed suspension systems.
- B. Products furnished, but not installed under this Section, include anchors, clips, and other ceiling attachment devices to be cast in concrete at ceilings.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. AC: Articulation Class.
- B. CAC: Ceiling Attenuation Class.
- C. LR: Light-Reflectance coefficient.
- D. NRC: Noise Reduction Coefficient.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, based on input from installers of the items involved:
  - 1. Ceiling suspension system members.
  - 2. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.

- 3. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile
- 4. Ceiling-mounted items including lighting fixtures, diffusers, grilles, speakers, sprinklers, access panels, and special moldings.
- 5. Minimum Drawing Scale: 1/4 inch = 1 foot).
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For components with factory-applied color finishes.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each component indicated and for each exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below.
  - 1. Acoustical Tile: Set of Samples of each type, color, pattern, and texture.
  - 2. Suspension System Members: 12-inch- long Sample of each type.
  - 3. Exposed Moldings and Trim: Set of 12-inch- long Samples of each type and color.
- E. Maintenance Data: For finishes to include in maintenance manuals.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Acoustical Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing laboratory, or an NVLAP-accredited laboratory, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated. NVLAP-accredited laboratories must document accreditation, based on a "Certificate of Accreditation" and a "Scope of Accreditation" listing the test methods specified.

## B. Source Limitations:

- 1. Acoustical Ceiling Tile: Obtain each type through one source from a single manufacturer.
- 2. Suspension System: Obtain each type through one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of acoustical ceiling tile and supporting suspension system through one source from a single manufacturer.
- D. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide acoustical tile ceilings that comply with the following requirements:

- 1. Fire-Resistance Characteristics: Where indicated, provide acoustical tile ceilings identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - a. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
- 2. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Provide acoustical tiles with the following surface-burning characteristics complying with ASTM E 1264 for Class A materials as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84:
  - a. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver acoustical tiles, suspension system components, and accessories to Project site in original, unopened packages and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
- B. Before installing acoustical tiles, permit them to reach room temperature and a stabilized moisture content.
- C. Handle acoustical tiles carefully to avoid chipping edges or damaging units in any way.

## 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install acoustical tile ceilings until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.
  - 1. Pressurized Plenums: Operate ventilation system for not less than 48 hours before beginning acoustical tile ceiling installation.

#### 1.8 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of acoustical tiles and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

## 1.9 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Acoustical Ceiling Units: Full-size tiles equal to 2.0 percent of quantity installed.
  - 2. Suspension System Components: Quantity of each concealed grid and exposed component equal to 2.0 percent of quantity installed.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 ACOUSTICAL TILES, GENERAL

- A. Acoustical Tile Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard tiles of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E 1264 classifications as designated by types, patterns, acoustical ratings, and light reflectances, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Acoustical Tile Colors and Patterns: Match appearance characteristics indicated for each product type.
  - 1. Where appearance characteristics of acoustical tiles are indicated by referencing pattern designations in ASTM E 1264 and not manufacturers' proprietary product designations, provide products selected by Architect from each manufacturer's full range that comply with requirements indicated for type, pattern, color, light reflectance, acoustical performance, edge detail, and size.

#### 2.2 ACOUSTICAL TILES FOR ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILING

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Armstrong World Industries, Inc. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide a comparable product by one of the following:
  - 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc., Cortega Item No. 816.
  - 2. USG Interiors, Inc., Raoar Climaplus 2210.
  - 3. Celotex Corporation.
- B. Classification: Provide fire-resistance-rated tiles complying with ASTM E 1264 for type, form, and pattern as follows:

- 1. Type III, mineral base with painted finish; Form 2, water felted.
- 2. Pattern: D (fissured).
- C. Color: White, or as selected from manufacturer's full range of colors.
- D. LR: Not less than 0.82.
- E. NRC: Not less than 0.55.
- F. CAC: Not less than 35.
- G. Edge/Joint Detail: Square edge detail.
- H. Thickness: 5/8 inch.
- I. Size: 24 X 24.
- 2.3 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEMS, GENERAL
  - A. Metal Suspension System Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard metal suspension systems of types, structural classifications, and finishes indicated that comply with applicable requirements in ASTM C 635.
  - B. Finishes and Colors, General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes. Provide manufacturer's standard factory-applied finish for type of system indicated.
  - C. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated. Comply with seismic design requirements.
  - D. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires complying with the following requirements:
    - 1. Zinc-Coated, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
    - 2. Size: Select wire diameter so its stress at 3 times hanger design load (ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung") will be less than yield stress of wire, but provide not less than 0.106-inch- diameter wire.

E. Angle Hangers: Angles with legs not less than 7/8 inch wide; formed with 0.04-inch-thick, galvanized steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 coating designation; with bolted connections and 5/16-inch-diameter bolts.

# 2.4 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEM FOR ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILING

- A. Available Products Basis of Design: Armstrong World Industries: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.; Prelude XL, 15/16", HD, exposed tee.
  - 2. Chicago Metallic Corporation;
  - 3. USG Interiors, Inc.;
- B. Moldings and Trim: Provide manufacturer's roll-formed edge moldings and trim of profile indicated or referenced by manufacturer's designations.
- C. Finish: Main and cross tees runners fabricated from cold rolled sheet steel, pre-painted, electrically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized, with pre-finished metal caps on flanges.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, including structural framing and substrates to which acoustical tile ceilings attach or abut, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements specified in this and other Sections that affect ceiling installation and anchorage and with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of acoustical tile ceilings.
  - 1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Testing Substrates: Before installing adhesively applied tiles on wet-placed substrates such as cast-in-place concrete or plaster, test and verify that moisture level is below tile manufacturer's recommended limits.

B. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical tiles to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width tiles at borders, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION, SUSPENDED ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILINGS

- A. General: Install acoustical tile ceilings to comply with ASTM C 636 and seismic design requirements indicated, per manufacturer's written instructions and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."
  - 1. Fire-Rated Assembly: Install fire-rated ceiling systems according to tested fire-rated design.
- B. Suspend ceiling hangers from building's structural members and as follows:
  - 1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structure or of ceiling suspension system.
  - 2. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
  - 3. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers at spacings required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
  - 4. Secure wire hangers to ceiling suspension members and to supports above with a minimum of three tight turns. Connect hangers directly either to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for substrate and that will not deteriorate or otherwise fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
  - 5. Secure flat, angle, channel, and rod hangers to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for both structure to which hangers are attached and type of hanger involved. Install hangers in a manner that will not cause them to deteriorate or fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
  - 6. Do not support ceilings directly from permanent metal forms or floor deck. Fasten hangers to cast-in-place hanger inserts, postinstalled mechanical or adhesive anchors, or power-actuated fasteners that extend through forms into concrete.

- 7. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels or other supplemental support for attachment of hanger wires.
- 8. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.
- 9. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
- 10. Space hangers not more than 48 inches o.c. along each member supported directly from hangers, unless otherwise indicated; provide hangers not more than 8 inches from ends of each member.
- 11. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards and publications.
- C. Secure bracing wires to ceiling suspension members and to supports with a minimum of four tight turns. Suspend bracing from building's structural members as required for hangers, without attaching to permanent metal forms, steel deck, or steel deck tabs. Fasten bracing wires into concrete with cast-in-place or postinstalled anchors.
- D. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical tile ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical tiles.
  - 1. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches o.c. and not more than 3 inches from ends, leveling with ceiling suspension system to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet. Miter corners accurately and connect securely.
  - 2. Do not use exposed fasteners, except pop rivets, on moldings and trim.
- E. Install suspension system runners so they are square and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.
- F. Install acoustical tiles in coordination with suspension system and exposed moldings and trim.
  - 1. Fit adjoining tile to form flush, tight joints. Scribe and cut tile for accurate fit at borders and around penetrations through tile.
  - 2. Hold tile field in compression by inserting leaf-type, spring-steel spacers between tile and moldings, spaced 12 inches o.c.
  - 3. Protect lighting fixtures and air ducts to comply with requirements indicated for fire-resistance-rated assembly.

#### 3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical tile ceilings, including trim and edge moldings. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and touchup of minor finish damage. Remove and replace tiles and other ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

#### PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

## 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

#### PART 5 – PAYMENT

## 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01 Western Facility Operations Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

END OF SECTION 095123

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#### SECTION 096513 - RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Resilient base.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Division 09 Section "Resilient Tile Flooring" for resilient floor tile.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of product indicated.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type of product indicated, in manufacturer's standard-size Samples but not less than 12 inches long, of each resilient product color, texture, and pattern required.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.
  - 1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.
- B. Mockups: Provide resilient products with mockups specified in other Sections.

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store resilient products and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F or more than 90 deg F.

## 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 95 deg F, in spaces to receive resilient products during the following time periods:
  - 1. 48 hours before installation.
  - 2. During installation.
  - 3. 48 hours after installation.
- B. Install resilient products after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

#### 1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Furnish not less than 10 linear feet 500 linear feet or fraction thereof, of each type, color, pattern, and size of resilient product installed.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 RESILIENT BASE.

#### A. Resilient Base:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements:
  - a. Allstate Rubber Corp.; Stoler Industries.
  - b. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.

- c. Johnsonite.
- d. Roppe Corporation, USA.
- B. Resilient Base Standard: ASTM F 1861.
  - 1. Material Requirement: Type TV (vinyl, thermoplastic
  - 2. Manufacturing Method: Group I solid, homogeneous.
  - 3. Style: Cove (base with toe).
- C. Minimum Thickness: 0.125 inch.
- D. Height: 4 inches.
- E. Lengths: Coils in manufacturer's standard length.
- F. Outside Corners: Preformed.
- G. Inside Corners: Preformed.
- H. Finish: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- I. Colors and Patterns: As selected by Architect from full range of industry colors.
  - 1. Color indicated on Drawings.

## 2.2 RESILIENT MOLDING ACCESSORY

- A. Resilient Molding Accessory:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Burke Mercer Flooring Products; Division of Burke Industries, Inc.
    - b. Flexco, Inc.
    - c. Johnsonite.

- d. Roppe Corporation, USA.
- B. Description: Cap for cove carpet, Cap for cove resilient floor covering for carp, Nosing for resilient floor covering, Reducer strip for resilient floor covering, Joiner for tile and carpet and Transition strips.
- C. Material: Vinyl.
- D. Profile and Dimensions: As indicated.
- E. Colors and Patterns: As selected by Architect from full range of industry colors.

## 2.3 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer for applications indicated.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by manufacturer to suit resilient products and substrate conditions indicated.
  - 1. Use adhesives that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
    - a. Cove Base Adhesives: Not more than 50 g/L.
    - b. Rubber Floor Adhesives: Not more than 60 g/L.
- C. Metal Edge Strips: Extruded aluminum with mill finish of width shown, of height required to protect exposed edges of tiles, and in maximum available lengths to minimize running joints.
- D. Floor Polish: Provide protective liquid floor polish products as recommended by resilient base manufacturer.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

- B. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Concrete Substrates for Resilient Stair Treads and Accessories: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
  - 2. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents,
  - 3. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer.
  - 4. Moisture Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer and as follows Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
    - a. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.
    - b. Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
- C. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- D. Do not install resilient products until they are same temperature as the space where they are to be installed.
  - 1. Move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.

E. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products immediately before installation.

### 3.3 RESILIENT BASE INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient base.
- B. Apply resilient base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and cabinets in toe spaces, and other permanent fixtures in rooms and areas where base is required.
- C. Install resilient base in lengths as long as practicable without gaps at seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.
- D. Tightly adhere resilient base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with base in continuous contact with horizontal and vertical substrates.
- E. Do not stretch resilient base during installation.
- F. On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of resilient base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.
- G. Preformed Corners: Install preformed corners before installing straight pieces.

## 3.4 RESILIENT ACCESSORY INSTALLATION

A. Resilient Molding Accessories: Butt to adjacent materials and tightly adhere to substrates throughout length of each piece. Install reducer strips at edges of carpet resilient floor covering that would otherwise be exposed.

#### 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protection of resilient products.
- B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient product installation:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
  - 2. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
  - 3. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.

Bid Documents November 2008

- C. Protect resilient products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
- D. Floor Polish: Remove soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes from resilient stair treads before applying liquid floor polish.
- E. Cover resilient products until Substantial Completion.

#### PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

# 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

#### PART 5 - PAYMENT

#### 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building—per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island-per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum
Item 011010-05	Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

## END OF SECTION 096513

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#### SECTION 096519 - RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Vinyl composition floor tile.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Division 09 Section "Resilient Base and Accessories" for resilient base, reducer strips, and other accessories installed with resilient floor coverings.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each type of floor tile. Include floor tile layouts, edges, columns, doorways, enclosing partitions, built-in furniture, cabinets, and cutouts.
  - 1. Show details of special patterns.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of floor tile indicated.
- D. Product Schedule: For floor tile. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
- E. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- F. Maintenance Data: For each type of floor tile to include in maintenance manuals.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs workers for this Project who are competent in techniques required by manufacturer for floor tile installation.
  - 1. Engage an installer who employs workers for this Project who are trained or certified by manufacturer for installation techniques required.
- B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.
  - 1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store floor tile and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F or more than 90 deg F. Store floor tiles on flat surfaces.

### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 95 deg F, in spaces to receive floor tile during the following time periods:
  - 1. 48 hours before installation.
  - 2. During installation.
  - 3. 48 hours after installation.
- B. Close spaces to traffic during floor tile installation.
- C. Close spaces to traffic for 48 hours after floor tile installation.
- D. Install floor tile after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

#### 1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Floor Tile: Furnish 1 box for every 50 boxes or fraction thereof, of each type, color, and pattern of floor tile installed.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 VINYL COMPOSITION FLOOR TILE

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.
  - 2. Congoleum Corporation.
  - 3. Mannington Mills, Inc.
- B. Tile Standard: ASTM F 1066, Class 1, solid-color tile.
  - C. Wearing Surface: Smooth
  - D. Thickness: 0.125 inch.
  - E. Size: 12 by 12 inches.
  - F. Colors and Patterns As selected by Architect from full range of industry colors.
    - 1. As indicated on drawings.

### 2.2 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer for applications indicated.

- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by manufacturer to suit floor tile and substrate conditions indicated.
  - 1. Use adhesives that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
    - a. VCT and Asphalt Tile Adhesives: Not more than 50 g/L.
    - b. Color: White.
- C. Floor Polish: Provide protective liquid floor polish products as recommended by manufacturer.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of floor tile.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
  - 2. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
  - 3. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.

- 4. Moisture Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer and as follows. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
  - a. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.
  - b. Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75% relative humidity level measurement.
- C. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- D. Do not install floor tiles until they are same temperature as space where they are to be installed.
  - 1. Move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.
- E. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products immediately before installation.

#### 3.3 FLOOR TILE INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing floor tile.
- B. Lay out floor tiles from center marks established with principal walls, discounting minor offsets, so tiles at opposite edges of room are of equal width. Adjust as necessary to avoid using cut widths that equal less than one-half tile at perimeter.
  - 1. Lay tiles square with room axis in pattern indicated.
- C. Match floor tiles for color and pattern by selecting tiles from cartons in the same sequence as manufactured and packaged, if so numbered. Discard broken, cracked, chipped, or deformed tiles.
  - 1. Lay tiles with grain running in one direction.
- D. Scribe, cut, and fit floor tiles to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces and permanent fixtures including built-in furniture, cabinets, pipes, outlets, and door frames.

- E. Extend floor tiles into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings. Extend floor tiles to center of door openings.
- F. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor tiles as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.
- G. Adhere floor tiles to flooring substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.

## 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protection of floor tile.
- B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing floor tile installation:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
  - 2. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
  - 3. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.
- C. Protect floor tile products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
- D. Joint Sealant: Apply sealant to resilient terrazzo floor tile perimeter and around columns, at door frames, and at other joints and penetrations.
- E. Sealers and Finish Coats: Remove soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes from resilient terrazzo floor tile surfaces before applying liquid cleaners, sealers, and finish products.
  - 1. Sealer: Apply two base coats of liquid sealer.
- F. Cover floor tile until Substantial Completion.

## PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

## 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

## PART 5 - PAYMENT

# 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building–per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island-per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum
Item 011010-05	Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

## END OF SECTION 096519

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#### SECTION 096816 - SHEET CARPETING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes tufted carpet.

## 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show the following:
  - 1. Carpet type, color, and dye lot.
  - 2. Seam locations.
  - 3. Edge, transition, and other accessory strips.
  - 4. Transition details to other flooring materials.
  - 5. Carpet cushion.
- C. Samples: For each color and texture required.
  - 1. Carpet: 12-inch- (300-mm-) square Sample.
  - 2. Exposed Edge, Transition, and other Accessory Stripping: 12-inch- (300-mm-) long Samples.
  - 3. Carpet Cushion: 6-inch- (150-mm-) square Sample.
- D. Product Schedule: For carpet, use same designations indicated on Drawings.
- E. Maintenance data.

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who is certified by the Floor Covering Installation Board or who can demonstrate compliance with its certification program requirements.

# 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Comply with CRI 104, Section 5, "Storage and Handling."

#### 1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Comply with CRI 104, Section 7.2, "Site Conditions; Temperature and Humidity" and Section 7.12, "Ventilation."

## 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty for Carpet: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of carpet installation that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, more than 10 percent loss of face fiber, edge raveling, snags, runs, loss of tuft bind strength, excess static discharge and delamination.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Manufacturer: Carpet shall be subject to Architect selection patterns and colors with a maximum of five colors and patterns. All color selections an patterns shall be supplied from the same dye lot
  - 1. Armstong World Industries, Inc.
  - 2. Bigelow.
  - 3. J7J Industries.
  - 4. Or approved equal.
- B. Basis of Design: J7J Commercial.

Bid Documents November 2008 Intercounty Connector West Operations Facility Contract No. IC 2210-000-006/7/R

C. Style: Center Style 2655.

D. Color: 8862 Spotlight.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION

A. Textured Graphic Loop

B. PILE FIBER

100% Solution Dyed Zeftron 500 Nylon

With Built-In Static Control

PRIMARY BACKING

100% synthetic

SECONDARY BACKING

Jute or synthetic (Mill Option)

TUFTED YARN WEIGHT

32 oz.

FINISHED PILE THICKNESS

0.17 inches.

TUFTED PILE HEIGHT

.250 High-,125 Low

DYE METHOD

Solution Dyed

MACHINE GAUGE

1/10

STITCHES PER INCH

11.3

DENSITY

6,776

TUFT FIND

See Warranty Below

TOTAL WEIGHT

32 Oz. Per Sq. Yd. Minimum

**FLAMMABILITY** 

Flooring Radiant Panel Test ASTME-648-Passes has an average critical radiant fluz of greater than .45 watts per square centimeter NBS smoke chamber (NFDA 258) HAS A Maximum Specific Opti-

cal Density of 450 or less.

WARRANTY

10-Year wear, tuftbind, static, and edge ravel

Bid Documents November 2008 Sheet Carpeting 09 68 16 - 3

**CARPET** 

Available in 12' width roll

TRAFFIC CLASS

Heavy Duty Commercial

- C. Adhesives: Compatible types as specified and recommended by approved carpet manufacturer
- D. Carpet Accessories: Vinyl products suitable for the purpose and of a complete carpet installation. Accessory products shall be equal to those of mercer Plastics Company, Inc. For each required condition. Provide heavy-duty edge moldings.

## 2.3 INSTALLATION ACCESSORIES

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or recommended by carpet cushion manufacturer.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant, mildew-resistant, nonstaining type to suit products and subfloor conditions indicated, that complies with flammability requirements for installed carpet.
- C. VOC Limits: Provide adhesives with VOC content not more than 50g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA method 24).
- D. Seam Adhesive: Hot-melt adhesive tape or similar product recommended by carpet manufacturer for sealing and taping seams and butting cut edges at backing to form secure seams and to prevent pile loss at seams.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with CRI 104 and carpet manufacturer's written installation instructions for the following:
  - 1. Direct-Glue-Down Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 9, "Direct Glue-Down Installation."
  - 2. Carpet with Attached-Cushion Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 11, "Attached-Cushion Installations."
  - 3. Hook-and-Loop Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 11.5, "Hook and Loop Technology."

Bid Documents November 2008

- 4. Stretch-in Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 12, "Stretch-in Installation."
- B. Comply with carpet manufacturer's written recommendations and Shop Drawings for seam locations and direction of carpet; maintain uniformity of carpet direction and lay of pile. At doorways, center seams under the door in closed position.
- C. Extend carpet into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, open-bottomed obstructions, removable flanges, alcoves, and similar openings.
- D. Install pattern parallel to walls and borders.

## PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

## 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

## PART 5 - PAYMENT

## 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island-per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum
Item 011010-05	Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

## END OF SECTION 096816

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#### SECTION 099113 - EXTERIOR PAINTING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on the following exterior substrates:
  - 1. Concrete.
  - 2. Concrete masonry units (CMU).
  - 3. Steel.
  - 4. Wood.

## 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples: For each finish and for each color and texture required.
- C. Product List: Printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified in Part 2, with the proposed product highlighted.

## 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

#### A. MPI Standards:

- 1. Products: Complying with MPI standards indicated and listed in "MPI Approved Products List."
- 2. Preparation and Workmanship: Comply with requirements in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" for products and paint systems indicated.
- B. Mockups: Apply benchmark samples of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.

- 1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each paint system specified in Part 3.
  - a. Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft..
  - b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
- 2. Final approval of color selections will be based on benchmark samples.
  - a. If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional benchmark samples of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.

# 1.4 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that are from same production run (batch mix) as materials applied and that are packaged for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Quantity: Furnish an additional 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal. of each material and color applied.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PAINT, GENERAL

#### A. Material Compatibility:

- 1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- 2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range and as indicated on the drawings.

## 2,2 BLOCK FILLERS

- A. Interior/Exterior Latex Block Filler: MPI #4.
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.

## 2.3 PRIMERS/SEALERS

- A. Alkali-Resistant Primer: MPI #3.
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.
- B. Bonding Primer (Water Based): MPI #17.
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.
- C. Bonding Primer (Solvent Based): MPI #69.
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.
- D. Wood-Knot Sealer: Sealer recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer for use in paint system indicated.

## 2.4 METAL PRIMERS

- A. Alkyd Anticorrosive Metal Primer: MPI #79.
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.
- B. Quick-Drying Alkyd Metal Primer: MPI #76.
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.

## 2.5 WOOD PRIMERS

- A. Exterior Latex Wood Primer: MPI #6.
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E1.

- B. Exterior Alkyd Wood Primer: MPI #5.
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2..
- C. Exterior Oil Wood Primer: MPI #7.
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.

## 2.6 EXTERIOR ALKYD PAINTS

- A. Exterior Alkyd Enamel (Flat): MPI #8 (Gloss Level 1).
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E1.
- B. Exterior Alkyd Enamel (Semigloss): MPI #94 (Gloss Level 5).
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.
- C. Exterior Alkyd Enamel (Gloss): MPI #9 (Gloss Level 6).
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.

## 2.7 QUICK-DRYING ENAMELS

- A. Quick-Drying Enamel (Semigloss): MPI #81 (Gloss Level 5).
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.
- B. Quick-Drying Enamel (High Gloss): MPI #96 (Gloss Level 7).
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of work.

- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
  - 1. Concrete: 12 percent.
  - 2. Masonry (Clay and CMU): 12 percent.
  - 3. Wood: 15 percent.
  - 4. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
- C. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
- D. Begin coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces are dry.
  - 1. Beginning coating application constitutes Contractor's acceptance of substrates and conditions.

## 3.2 PREPARATION AND APPLICATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates and paint systems indicated.
- B. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
  - 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers as required to produce paint systems indicated.
- C. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
- D. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- E. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

Bid Documents November 2008

## 3.3 EXTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

#### A. CMU Substrates:

- 1. Latex System: MPI EXT 4.2A.
  - a. Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler.
  - b. Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
  - c. Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat).

#### B. Steel Substrates:

- 1. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 5.1D.
  - a. Prime Coat: Quick-drying alkyd metal primer.
  - b. Intermediate Coat: Quick-drying enamel matching topcoat.
  - c. Topcoat: Quick-drying enamel (semigloss).
- C. Aluminum Paint System: MPI EXT 5.1K.
  - a. Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive metal primer.
  - b. Intermediate Coat: Aluminum paint.
  - c. Topcoat: Aluminum paint.
- D. Dimension Lumber Substrates, Traffic Surfaces: Including lumber decking and, stairs.
  - 1. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI EXT 6.5A.
    - a. Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd wood primer.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch (low gloss).
    - c. Topcoat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch (low gloss).
      - 1) With additive to increase skid resistance of painted surface.

- 2. Alkyd Floor Enamel System: MPI EXT 6.5B.
  - a. Prime Coat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
  - b. Intermediate Coat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
  - c. Topcoat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
    - 1) With additive to increase skid resistance of painted surface.

## PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

## 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

## PART 5 – PAYMENT

## 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island-per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum
Item 011010-05	Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

#### END OF SECTION 099113

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#### **SECTION 099123 - INTERIOR PAINTING**

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on the following interior substrates:
  - 1. Concrete.
  - 2. Concrete masonry units (CMU).
  - 3. Steel.
  - 4. Wood.
  - 5. Gypsum board.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples: For each finish and for each color and texture required.
- C. Product List: Printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified in Part 2, with the proposed product highlighted.

## 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

#### A. MPI Standards:

- 1. Products: Complying with MPI standards indicated and listed in "MPI Approved Products List."
- 2. Preparation and Workmanship: Comply with requirements in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" for products and paint systems indicated.

#### 1.4 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that are from same production run (batch mix) as materials applied and that are packaged for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Quantity: Furnish an additional 5 percent, but not less.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
  - 2. Coronado Paint.
  - 3. Duron, Inc.
  - 4. Envirocoat Technologies Inc.
  - 5. ICI Paints.
  - 6. Kelly-Moore Paints.
  - 7. M.A.B. Paints.
  - 8. McCormick Paints.
  - 9. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).

## 2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

#### A. Material Compatibility:

- 1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- 2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. VOC Content of Field-Applied Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide products that comply with the following limits for VOC content, exclusive of colorants added to a tint base, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24); these requirements do not apply to paints and coatings that are applied in a fabrication or finishing shop:
  - 1. Flat Paints, Coatings, and Primers: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.

- 2. Nonflat Paints, Coatings, and Primers: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
- 3. Anti-Corrosive and Anti-Rust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: VOC not more than 250 g/L.
- 4. Floor Coatings: VOC not more than 100 g/L.
- 5. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: VOC content of not more than 200 g/L.
- C. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range Match Architect's samples

# 2.3 BLOCK FILLERS

- A. Interior/Exterior Latex Block Filler:
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2

## 2.4 PRIMERS/SEALERS

- A. Interior Latex Primer/Sealer: .
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.
  - 2. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 2...
- B. Interior Alkyd Primer/Sealer: .
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2
- C. Wood-Knot Sealer: Sealer recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer for use in paint systems indicated.

### 2.5 METAL PRIMERS

- A. Alkyd Anticorrosive Metal Primer: .
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.

- B. Quick-Drying Alkyd Metal Primer:
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2.
- C. Rust-Inhibitive Primer (Water Based):
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2
  - 2. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 2:
- D. Cementitious Galvanized-Metal Primer:
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E1.
- E. Quick-Drying Primer for Aluminum: MPI #95.
  - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2
- 2.6 WOOD PRIMERS
  - A. Interior Latex-Based Wood Primer: MPI #39.
    - 1. VOC Content: E Range of E2
    - 2. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 2.
- 2.7 LATEX PAINTS
  - A. Interior Latex (Eggshell): MPI #52 (Gloss Level 3).
  - B. Interior Latex (Semigloss): MPI #54 (Gloss Level 5).

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of work.

- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
  - 1. Concrete: 12 percent.
  - 2. Masonry (Clay and CMU): 12 percent.
  - 3. Wood: 15 percent.
  - 4. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
  - 5. Beginning coating application constitutes Contractor's acceptance of substrates and conditions.

## 3.2 PREPARATION AND APPLICATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.
- B. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
  - 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers as required to produce paint systems indicated.
- C. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
- D. Painting Mechanical and Electrical Work: Paint items exposed in equipment rooms and occupied spaces including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Mechanical Work:
    - a. Uninsulated metal piping.
    - b. Pipe hangers and supports.
    - c. Tanks that do not have factory-applied final finishes.
    - d. Mechanical equipment that is indicated to have a factory-primed finish for field painting.

- 2. Electrical Work:
  - a. Switchgear.
  - b. Panelboards.
  - c. Electrical equipment that is indicated to have a factory-primed finish for field painting.
- E. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- F. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.
- 3.3 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE
  - A. Concrete Substrates, Nontraffic Surfaces:
    - 1. Alkyd System: MPI INT 3.1D.
      - a. Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
      - b. Intermediate Coat: Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
      - c. Topcoat: Interior alkyd (semigloss) (gloss).
  - B. Concrete Substrates, Traffic Surfaces:
    - 1. Sealer System: MPI INT 3.2F.
      - a. First Coat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (solvent based).
      - b. Topcoat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (solvent based).
  - C. CMU Substrates:
    - 1. Alkyd System: MPI INT 4.2C.
      - a. Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler.

- b. Intermediate Coat: Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
- c. Topcoat: Interior alkyd (semigloss).
- D. Dimension Lumber Substrates, Nontraffic Surfaces:
  - 1. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI INT 6.2A.
    - a. Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
    - c. : Interior/exterior latex floor and porch paint (low gloss).
- E. Gypsum Board Substrates:
  - 1. Latex System: MPI INT 9.2A.
    - a. Prime Coat: Interior latex.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Interior latex (flat).
  - 2. Alkyd Over Latex Primer System: MPI INT 9.2C.
    - a. Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Interior alkyd (semigloss). (Men and Women Restrooms)

# PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

- 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT
  - A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

# PART 5 - PAYMENT

# 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island-per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum
Item 011010-05	Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

END OF SECTION 099123

#### SECTION 101100 - VISUAL DISPLAY SURFACES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Markerboards.
- 2. Tackboards.

# B. Related Sections:

- 1. Division 09 Section "Non-Structural Metal Framing" for attachment.
- 2. Division 09 Section "Gypsum Board" for attachment.

# 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Tackboard: Framed or unframed, tackable, visual display board assembly.

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for visual display surfaces.
  - 1. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives, including printed statement of VOC content and chemical components.
- B. Shop Drawings: For visual display surfaces. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
  - 1. Show locations of panel joints.

- 2. Include sections of typical trim members..
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of visual display surface indicated, for units with factory-applied color finishes, and as follows:
  - 1. Actual sections of high-pressure-laminate visual display surface tackboard assembly.
  - 2. Fabric swatches of fabric-faced tack assemblies.
  - 3. Include accessory Samples to verify color selected.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each type of visual display surface indicated.
  - 1. Visual Display Surface: Not less than 8-1/2 by 11 inches, mounted on substrate indicated for final Work. Include one panel for each type, color, and texture required.
  - 2. Trim: 6-inch-long sections of each trim profile.
  - 3. Accessories: Full-size Sample of each type of accessory.
- E. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- F. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for surface-burning characteristics of fabrics.
- G. Maintenance Data: For visual display surfaces to include in maintenance manuals.
- H. Warranties: Sample of special warranties.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of motor-operated, sliding visual display units required for this Project.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain visual display surfaces from single source from single manufacturer.

- C. Surface-Burning Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84 by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Flame-Spread Index: 25.
  - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 50 or less.
- D. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

# 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver factory-built visual display surfaces, including factory-applied trim where indicated, completely assembled in one piece without joints, where possible. If dimensions exceed maximum manufactured panel size, provide two or more pieces of equal length as acceptable to Architect. When overall dimensions require delivery in separate units, prefit components at the factory, disassemble for delivery, and make final joints at the site.
- B. Store visual display surfaces vertically with packing materials between each unit.

## 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install visual display surfaces until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and temporary HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
- B. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of construction contiguous with visual display surfaces by field measurements before fabrication.
  - 1. Allow for trimming and fitting where taking field measurements before fabrication might delay the Work.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty for Porcelain-Enamel Face Sheets: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace porcelain-enamel face sheets that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Surfaces lose original writing and erasing qualities.
    - b. Surfaces exhibit crazing, cracking, or flaking.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Life of the building, from date of substantial completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MARKERBOARD ASSEMBLIES

- A. Porcelain-Enamel Markerboards: Balanced, high-pressure, factory-laminated markerboard assembly of three-ply construction consisting of backing sheet, core material, and 0.021-inch-thick, porcelain-enamel face sheet with high-gloss finish.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following
    - a. AARCO Products, Inc.
    - b. ADP Lemco, Inc.
    - c. Best-Rite Manufacturing.
    - d. Claridge Products and Equipment, Inc.
    - e. Platinum Visual Systems; a division of ABC School Equipment, Inc.
    - f. PolyVision Corporation; a Steelcase company.
    - g. Tri-Best Visual Display Products.
  - 2. Hardboard Core: 1/4 inch thick; with 0.005-inch-thick, aluminum foil backing.

- 3. Marker (Chalk) tray.
- 4. Full Wrap Metal Frame.
- 5. Manufacturer's Standard Core: Minimum 1/4 inch thick, with manufacturer's standard moisture-barrier backing.
- 6. Laminating Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard, moisture-resistant thermoplastic type.
- 7. Color: White.
- 8. Size: 4' x 6', or as indicated on drawings.

## 2.2 TACKBOARD ASSEMBLIES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following or comparable:
  - 1. A-1 Visual Systems.
  - 2. Best-Rite Manufacturing.
  - 3. Claridge Products and Equipment, Inc.
  - 4. Marsh Industries, Inc.; Visual Products Group.
- B. Natural-Cork Tackboard: 1/4-inch-thick, natural cork sheet factory laminated to 1/4-inch-thick hardboard.
  - 1. Size: As indicated on drawings.
- C. Full Wrap Metal Frame.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, surface conditions of wall, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

- B. Examine walls and partitions for proper preparation and backing for visual display surfaces.
- C. Examine walls and partitions for suitable framing depth where sliding visual display units will be installed.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation.
- B. Clean substrates of substances that could impair the performance of and affect the smooth, finished surfaces of visual display boards, including dirt, mold, and mildew.
- C. Prepare surfaces to achieve a smooth, dry, clean surface free of flaking, unsound coatings, cracks, defects, projections, depressions, and substances that will impair bond between visual display surfaces and wall surfaces.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Install visual display surfaces in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings, or if not indicated, at heights indicated below. Keep perimeter lines straight, level, and plumb. Provide grounds, clips, backing materials, adhesives, brackets, anchors, trim, and accessories necessary for complete installation.
  - 1. 72" to top for rail above finish floor.

## 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean visual display surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions. Attach one cleaning label to visual display surface in each room.
- B. Touch up factory-applied finishes to restore damaged or soiled areas.
- C. Cover and protect visual display surfaces after installation and cleaning.

### 3.5 DEMONSTRATION

A. Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain motor-operated, sliding visual display units.

# PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

# 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this section.

# PART 5 – PAYMENT

# 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the respective Lump Sum Bids under:

Item 011010-01	Western Facility Operations Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-02	Western Facility Police Building-per lump sum
Item 011010-03	Western Facility Fuel Island–per lump sum
Item 011010-04	Western Facility Salt Dome-per lump sum
Item 011010-05	Western Facility Storage Building-per lump sum

B. Costs include all labor, materials, services, testing and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

# END OF SECTION 101100

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#### SECTION 101200 - DISPLAY CASES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Nonilluminated bulletin boards.
  - 2. Nonilluminated display cases.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Bulletin Board: Tackable visual display surface or tackboard enclosed in a display case.
- B. Display Case: Glazed cabinet with adjustable shelves visual display surface background and adjustable shelves.
- 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for display cases.

#### B. LEED Submittal:

1. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.4: For composite wood products used in display cases, documentation indicating that product contains no urea formaldehyde.

- C. Shop Drawings: For display cases. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
  - 1. Show location of seams and joints in visual display surfaces.
  - 2. Include sections of typical trim members.
  - 3. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each type of product indicated.
  - 1. Visual Display Surface: Not less than 8-1/2 by 11 inches, mounted on substrate indicated for final Work. Include one panel for each type, color, and texture required.
  - 2. Trim: 6-inch- long sections of each trim profile including corner section.
- E. Delegated-Design Submittal: For display cases indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
- F. Qualification Data: For qualified professional engineer.
- G. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for surface-burning characteristics of fabrics.
- H. Maintenance Data: For visual display surfaces, operating hardware to include in maintenance manuals.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain display cases from single source from single manufacturer.
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84 by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Flame-Spread Index: 25
  - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 50.

C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

## 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install display cases until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and temporary HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
- B. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of openings for display cases by field measurements before fabrication.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Hardboard: ANSI A135.4, tempered.
- B. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade M-1, made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.
- C. Fiberboard: ASTM C 208.
- D. Natural Cork Sheet: Seamless, single-layer, compressed fine-grain cork sheet; bulletin board quality; face sanded for natural finish.
- E. Extruded-Aluminum Bars and Shapes: ASTM B 221, Alloy 6063.
- F. Aluminum Tubing: ASTM B 429, Alloy 6063.
- G. Clear Tempered Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type I, Class 1, Quality Q3, with exposed edges seamed before tempering, and 6 mm thick unless otherwise indicated.
- H. High-Pressure Plastic Laminate: NEMA LD 3.
- I. Fasteners: Provide screws, bolts, and other fastening devices made from same material as items being fastened, except provide hot-dip galvanized, stainless-steel, or aluminum

fasteners for exterior applications. Provide types, sizes, and lengths to suit installation conditions. Use security fasteners where exposed to view.

# 2.2 DISPLAY CASE

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, the following available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. A-1 Visual Systems.
  - 2. Best-Rite Manufacturing.
  - 3. Claridge Products and Equipment, Inc.
  - 4. Nelson-Harkins Industries.
- B. Surface-Mounted Cabinet: Factory-fabricated cabinet; with tack assembly on back inside surface, and glazed doors at front.
  - 1. Cabinet Box: Extruded aluminum top, bottom, and side panels.
  - 2. Cabinet Frame: Aluminum.
  - 3. Aluminum Finish: Clear anodic.
- C. Glazed Sliding Doors: Tempered glass; unframed; with extruded-aluminum top and bottom track; supported on nylon or ball-bearing rollers; with plastic top guide and rubber bumpers. Equip each door with ground finger pull and adjustable cylinder lock with two keys.
  - 1. Thickness: Not less than 6 mm thick.
  - 2. Number of Doors: Two.
- D. Adjustable Shelf Standards and Supports: BHMA A156.9, B04102; with shelf brackets, B04112 BHMA A156.9, B04071. Provide standards full height of display case.
- E. Tack Surface: Natural-cork tackboard assembly.
  - 1. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

- F. Width: As indicated on Drawings.
- G. Height: As indicated on Drawings.
- H. Fabrication.
- I. Fabricate display cases to requirements indicated for dimensions, design, and thickness and finish of materials.
- J. Use metals and shapes of thickness and reinforcing to produce flat surfaces, free of oil-canning, and to impart strength for size, design, and application indicated.
- K. Fabricate cabinets and door frames with reinforced corners, mitered to a hairline fit, with no exposed fasteners.
- L. Fabricate shelf standards plumb and at heights to align shelf brackets for level shelves.

# 2.3 GENERAL FINISH REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

## 2.4 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm or thicker.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine walls, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, surface conditions of wall, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

- B. Examine roughing-in for electrical power system to verify actual locations of connections before installation of illuminated units.
- C. Examine walls and partitions for proper backing for display cases.
- D. Examine walls and partitions for suitable framing depth if recessed units will be installed.
- E. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Prepare recesses for display cases as required by type and size of unit.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install units in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings, or if not indicated, at heights indicated below. Keep perimeter lines straight, level, and plumb. Provide grounds, clips, backing materials, adhesives, brackets, anchors, trim, and accessories necessary for complete installation.
  - 1. Mounting Height: 72 inches above finished floor to top of cabinet.
- B. Bulletin Boards: Attach units to wall surfaces with concealed fasteners through back of cabinet with manufacturer's standard concealed hardware.
- C. Surface-Mounted Display Cases: Attach units to wall surfaces with concealed clips, hangers, or grounds fastened at not more than 16 inches o.c. Secure both top and bottom of display cases to walls.
- D. Comply with requirements in Division 26 for connecting illuminated bulletin boards and display cases.
  - 1. After installation is complete, install new fluorescent lamps.
- E. Install display case shelving level and straight.

### 3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Adjust doors to operate smoothly without warp or bind and so contact points meet accurately. Lubricate operating hardware as recommended by manufacturer.